

# **PROPOSITIONS**,

# ARGUMENTS,

and

# STATEMENTS of CONTROLLER

Relating to Costs to be voted on at

# - GENERAL ELECTION,

## **NOVEMBER** 7, 1972

Sanfrancino

1. J. M. Carnel

1. 1.

# **Emmery Mihaly**

Registrar of Voters

Published under provisions of Sections 176 and 183 of the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

In order to avoid congestion and possible delay at the polls on election day voters are urged to:

1. KEEP THE SELECTION CARD ENCLOSED HEREIN. MARK YOUR CHOICES FOR THE VARIOUS OFFICES AND PROPOSITIONS. TAKE THE CARD WITH YOU TO THE POLLS AND YOU CAN COMPLETE YOUR VOTING IN LESS THAN TWO MINUTES.

2. Vote early, if possible.

**Registrar of Voters** 

Permanent registration is maintained by VOTING.

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## PROPOSITION

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employment, term, and removal of County Su- perintendent of Schools; deletes provisions relat- ing to salary of said Superintendent; deletes pro- visions relating to appointment, term and salary of Superintendent of Community College District.	
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	with approval of Board of Supervisors, to estab- lish new stations or abandon, relocate or consoli- date existing stations
L	Adds, amends or repeals various sections: Pro- vides for: (1) appointment and removal of Treas- urer; (2) one-year extension of current term of City Attorney; (3) primary nominating election for all elective offices other than office of super- visor
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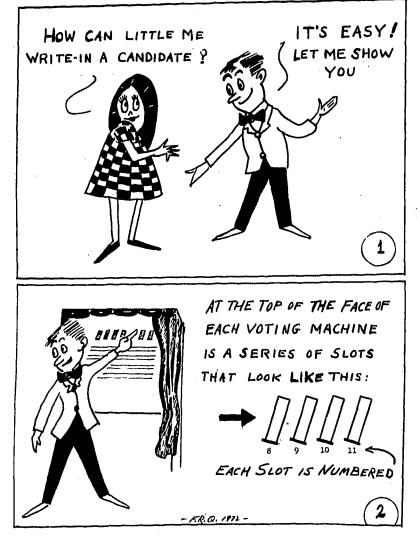
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## PROPOSITION

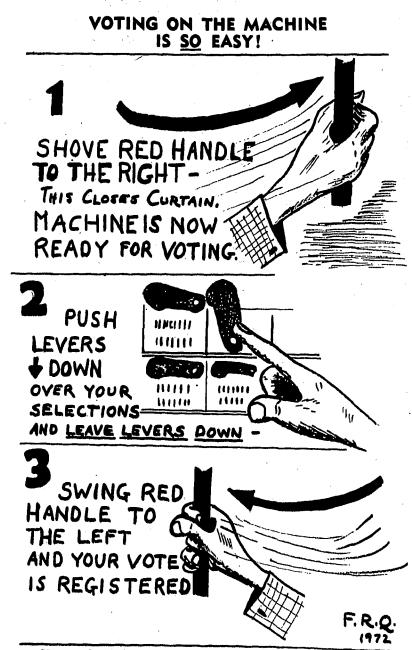
P	Adds Section 7.105: Specifies minimum wages and maximum work hours for persons perform- ing work under City and County printing con- tracts; empowers Board of Supervisors to grant 10% price preference to local bidders on such contracts
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You pulled down the wrong lever? Nothing to it! Just push it up and pull down the right one.

## (PROPOSITIONS A & B)

## ORDINANCE CALLING SPECIAL BOND ELECTION

#### **FILE NO. 417-72**

ORDINANCE NO. 250-72

CALLING AND PROVIDING FOR A SPECIAL ELECTION TO **BE HELD IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO ON** TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUB-MITTING TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO PROPOSITIONS TO INCUR BONDED DEBTS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY FOR THE ACQUISITION, CON-STRUCTION OR COMPLETION BY THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO OF THE FOLLOWING MUNICIPAL IM-PROVEMENTS, TO WIT: \$39,000,000 FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM; \$25,000,000 FOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE SEWER SYSTEM OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO: AND THAT THE ESTI-MATED COST TO THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAID MUNI-**CIPAL IMPROVEMENTS IS AND WILL BE TOO GREAT TO** BE PAID OUT OF THE ORDINARY ANNUAL INCOME AND **REVENUE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY AND WILL REQUIRE** EXPENDITURES GREATER THAN THE AMOUNTS ALLOWED THEREFOR BY THE ANNUAL TAX LEVY; ALL IN ORDER TO DO AND PERFORM ANY AND ALL OF THE MATTERS HERE-**INABOVE REFERRED TO; FIXING RATE OF INTEREST OF** SAID BONDS AND PROVIDING FOR THE LEVY AND COLLEC-TION OF TAXES TO PAY BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST THEREOF; PRESCRIBING NOTICE TO BE GIVEN OF SUCH ELECTION AND CONSOLIDATING THE SPECIAL ELECTION WTH THE GENERAL ELECTION.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. A special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City and County of San Francisco on Tuesday, the 7th day of November, 1972, for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said city and county propositions to incur bonded indebtedness of the City and County of San Francisco for the acquisition, construction or completion by the city and county of the hereinafter described municipal improvements in the amounts and for the purposes stated:

#### (a) MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972

\$39,000,000 to pay the cost of improvement of the municipal water supply system within and without the City and County of San Francisco, including water pumping and distribution facilities, pipelines, reservoirs, suburban operations and control facilities, central control systems, additions to and improvement of existing filtration plants, pipelines, bridges, dams, planning and designing of all facilities, together with lands, easements, rights of way, access roads, pipes, pumps, machinery, equipment, and all other works, property and structures necessary or convenient therefor. (b) SEWER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972 \$25,000,000 to pay the cost of improvement of the sewer system of the City and County of San Francisco, including enlargement of certain undersized sewers, replacement of certain structurally deficient sewers, performance of necessary sewer work to eliminate Hyde Street outfall, making certain additions and extensions to the sewer system including all works, property and structures necessary or convenient for the improvement of the sewer system of the City and County of San Francisco.

Section 2. The estimated costs of the municipal improvements described in Section 1 hereof were fixed by the Board of Supervisors by the following resolutions and in the amounts specified:

Municipal Water Supply System Improvements Bonds, Resolution No. 434-72, \$39,000,000:

Sewer System Improvement Bonds, Resolution No. 435-72, \$25,000,000.

That each of said resolutions was passed by two-thirds or more of the Board of Supervisors and approved by the Mayor, and in each of said resolutions it was recited and found that the sums of money specified were too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of the city and county in addition to the other annual expenses thereof or other funds derived from taxes levied for those purposes and will require expenditures greater than the amounts allowed therefor by the annual tax levy.

The method and manner of payment of the estimated costs of the municipal improvements described herein are by the issuance of bonds of the City and County of San Francisco in the principal amounts specified.

Said estimates of cost as set forth in said resolutions, and each thereof, are hereby adopted and determined to be the estimated costs of said improvements, and each thereof.

Section 3. The special election hereby called and ordered to be held shall be held and conducted and the votes thereat received and canvassed, and the returns thereof made and the results thereof ascertained, determined and declared as herein provided and in all particulars not herein recited said election shall be held according to the laws of the State of California providing for and governing elections in the City and County of San Francisco, and the polls for such election shall be and remain open during the time required by said laws.

Section 4. The said special election hereby called shall be and hereby is consolidated with the General Election to be held Tuesday, November 7, 1972, and the voting precincts, polling places and officers of election for said General Election be and the same are hereby adopted, established, designated and named, respectively, as the voting precincts, polling places and officers of election for such special election hereby called, and as specifically set forth, in the official publication, by the Registrar of Voters of precincts, polling places and election officers for the said General Election.

The ballots to be used at said special election shall be the ballots to be used at said General Election and reference is hereby made to the notice of election setting forth the voting precincts, polling places and officers of election by the Registrar of Voters for the General Election to be published in the San Francisco Examiner on or about October 24, 1972.

Section 5. On the ballots to be used at such special election and on the voting machines used at said special election, in addition to any other matter required by law to be printed thereon, shall appear thereon the following, each to be separately stated, and appear upon the ballots as separate propositions:

(a) "MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972.

To incur a bonded indebtedness of \$39,000,000 for the improvement of the municipal water supply system both within and without the City and County of San Francisco."

(b) "SEWER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972.

To incur a bonded indebtedness of \$25,000,000 for the improvement of the sewer system of the City and County of San Francisco."

To vote for any proposition where ballots are used, and to incur the bonded indebtedness to the amount of and for the purpose stated herein, stamp a cross (x) in the blank space to the right of the word "Yes." To vote against any proposition and thereby refuse to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness to the amount of and for the purposes stated herein, stamp a cross (x) in the blank space to the right of the word "No."

Where voting machines are used at said special election said voting machines shall be so arranged that any qualified elector may vote for any proposition by pulling down a lever over the word "Yes" under or near a statement of the proposed proposition appearing on cardboard, paper or other material placed on the front of the machine, and said act shall constitute a vote for the proposition, and by pulling down a lever over the word "No" under or near a statement of the proposed proposition appearing on cardboard, paper or other material placed on the front of the machine, shall constitute a vote against the proposition. Said voting machines and the preparation of the same shall comply in all respects with the provisions of the law.

Section 6. If at such special election it shall appear that twothirds of all the voters voting on any proposition voted in favor of and authorized the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the purposes set forth in said proposition, then such proposition shall have been accepted by the electors, and bonds shall be issued to defray the cost of the municipal improvements described herein. Such bonds shall be of the form and character known as "serials," and shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed 7 percentum per annum, payable semiannually.

The votes cast for and against each of said respective propositions shall be counted separately and when two-thirds of the qualified electors, voting on any one of such propositions, vote in favor thereof, such proposition shall be deemed adopted.

Section 7. For the purpose of paying the principal and interest on said bonds, the Board of Supervisors shall, at the time of fixing the general tax levy and in the manner for such general tax levy provided, levy and collect annually each year until such bonds are paid, or until there is a sum in the Treasury of said city and county set apart for that purpose to meet all sums coming due for the principal and interest on said bonds, a tax sufficient to pay the annual interest on such bonds as the same becomes due and also such part of the principal thereof as shall become due before the proceeds of a tax levied at the time for making the next general tax levy can be made available for the payment of such principal. Section 8. This ordinance shall be published once a day for at

Section 8. This ordinance shall be published once a day for at least seven (7) days in the San Francisco Examiner, a newspaper published daily in the City and County of San Francisco, being the official newspaper of said city and county and such publication shall constitute notice of said election and no other notice of the election hereby called need be given.

Approved as to form:

## THOMAS M. O'CONNOR, City Attorney

Passed for Second Reading-Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 14, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

PHILIP P. ENGLER, Acting Clerk

Read Second Time and Finally Passed—Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 21, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was finally passed by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

Approved Aug. 25, 1972.

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JOSEPH L. ALIOTO, Mayor

## **PROPOSITION A**

MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972. To incur a bonded indebtedness of \$39,000,000 for the improvement of the municipal water supply system both within and without the City and County of San Francisco.

> ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "A" Insure San Francisco's Water Future

## Vote Yes on Proposition "A"

San Francisco has built one of the world's finest water systems, and has operated it for many years without tax support. Water rates are lower today than they were in 1930.

The average price of water to residential consumers in San Francisco for 1971-72 was 11.1 cents per ton—that's just one penny for 180 pounds of clean water delivered to your home!

Water to residential customers costs 5 per cent less in 1972 than it did in 1931—and that doesn't even take into account the effects of inflation! Water is clearly your best bargain today. Compare this record with that of any public service, or with your purchase of any every day commodity.

(Although the Water Department has been assigned to collect the sewer service charge through the medium of the water bill, the sewer service charge is not a Water Department charge. All moneys collected are turned over to the General Fund for payment of costs of sewers and sewage treatment.)

Passage of this bond issue will not increase taxes. All interest and redemption will be paid from Water Department revenues; and suburban customers of the San Francisco Water Department will pay their fair share.

No Tax Support ....

- To add two sections of new transmission lines to bring mountain water from Hetch Hetchy and filtered water from local sources to homes and businesses in San Francisco.
- To increase capacity and extend life of existing transmission lines,
- thus avoiding early replacements.
- To construct a booster pumping station to increase capacity of Bay Division pipelines, and thus avoid construction of a parallel pipeline which would cost four times as much money. No Tax Support...
- To double the capacity of the Sunol Water Filtration Plant to avoid water rationing during shutdowns of Hetch Hetchy Aqueduct for either maintenance or emergency purposes, and to provide water for peak consumption periods.

No Tax Support . . .

• To complete the Balboa Reservoir and Pumping Station—a project long planned to improve pressure, provide normal and emergency storage; and to install new feeder mains to improve water service to certain residential, commercial and downtown areas. No Tax Support...

To strengthen Calaveras Dam to prevent damage and protect the water supply in the event of a major earthquake.

To strengthen and rehabilitate Dumbarton Pipe Bridge, a structure which carries two pipelines from the middle of the Bay to the San Francisco Peninsula. This important "bridge" is a vital connecting link in our water transmission lines to San Francisco.

To relocate the principal operation and control facility in Millbrae, built in the 1800's, to a new location on Water Department property; to provide up-to-date facilities for improved maintenance and operation, better and more responsive water service, and to release the existing site for a higher use by lease or sale.

To rebuild the operation and control facility in Sunol. It was constructed before the turn of the century, and is now obsolete and inadequate. The new facility will provide proper working conditions for employees, adequate space for equipment, and will permit more efficient operations.

To complete the informational and central control facilities in San Francisco, and install control centers and facilities in our suburban areas for better surveillance and operation of the system of tunnels, pipelines, reservoirs, pump stations, treatment plants and their related equipment.

#### . Vote Yes on Proposition "A"

To support a utility operation that reduced the number of employees per million gallons of water delivered to consumers from 10.5 in 1932 to 2.5 in 1972.

To support a utility operation that has never caused a case of water borne disease, that has never rationed water-and in this era of water pollution awareness still provides a water supply from sources that have no sewage or industrial waste pollution.

#### Vote Yes on Proposition "A"

And water will continue to be your best buy.

Proposition "A" has been endorsed by the following: Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor Marvin E. Cardoza, President, Public Utilities Commission Oliver M. Rousseau, Vice President, Public Utilities Commission Joseph J. Diviny, Public Utilities Commissioner H. Welton Flynn, Public Utilities Commissioner

H. Welton Flynn, Public Utilities Commissioner

Louis A. Petri, Public Utilities Commissioner

Roger M. Hughes, President, SF County Coordinating Republican Assembly Thomas J. Mellon, Chief Administrative Officer

San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO

John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO **Downtown Association of San Francisco** 

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument, and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

#### ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

#### **ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "A"**

Vote Yes on Proposition "A"

#### Assure Continued Good Water

San Franciscans have been fortunate for generations in having a good supply of clean water. We've been fortunate because of good planning and sound management of our water resources over the vears.

Proposition "A" will continue that good planning and sound management by providing the funds to keep our water system safe, modern, and efficient - all at no cost to the taxpayers. All costs of this bond issue will be paid out of user charges, with our suburban customers paying their fair share.

There is no opposition to Proposition "A". Please join us in voting yes for clean water in the future.

Sponsored by the Citizens for Clean Water

E. Hornsby Wassoon, Chairman

William K. Coblentz Mrs. Allan E. Charles

Judge Joseph Kennedy

## ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION A **Vote No on Water Bonds**

Why should San Franciscans pay higher water bills to increase suburban growth?

#### Vote No-"A" Means More Pollution

An increase in water sales means more people and autos, hence more air pollution and more water pollution.

## A No Vote can Bring Positive Action

Instead of promoting growth on the Peninsula, the revenues and financial reserves of the San Francisco Water Department should be used for the right kind of Sewage Treatment System and water reclamation planning. Vote no on Water Bonds.

#### Susan M. Smith

Endorsed By: Mrs. Morse Erskine — Tony Kilroy — Ruth D. and Douglas Craig — Fred H. Smith IV.

#### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 SAN FRANCISCO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 2.37 AND STATE ELECTION CODE SECTION 5301 PROPOSITION "A"

#### MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972. To incur a bonded indebtedness of \$39,000,000 for the improvement of the municipal water supply system both within and without the City and County of San Francisco.

Should the proposed bond issue be authorized and when all bonds shall have been issued on a twenty year basis, and after consideration of the interest rates related to current municipal bond sales, in my opinion, it is estimated that approximate cost would be as follows:

Bond Redemption	. \$39,000,000
Bond Interest	. 20,475,000
Debt Service Requirement	\$59,475,000

Based upon the work program submitted by the Public Utilities Commission, the estimated average amount required to pay the interest thereon and redemption thereof would be approximately \$2,478,000 annually for twenty-four years.

In my opinion, the servicing of the proposed bonded debt will be paid from water revenues and will not affect the tax rate of the City and County of San Francisco.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

## **PROPOSITION B**

## SEWER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972. To incur a bonded indebtedness of \$25,000,000 for the improvement of the sewer system of the City and County of San Francisco.

## **ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "B"**

Flooding Control and Sewer Replacement Bond Issue Vote Yes on "B" to Continue Sewer Improvements Proposition "B" on your November 7th ballot will provide funds for urgently needed projects to reduce flooding and improve San Francisco's sewerage system. An orderly program to enlarge undersized sewers and replace failing sewers is needed in every city if the quality of life for its citizens is to be maintained or improved. San Francisco traditonally has carried on such a program with bond issues approved by the electorate.

A Yes vote on Proposition "B" by two-thirds of the voters will provide the funds to allow continued improvements to reduce local flooding and sewer backups that still occur during severe storms at many locations. Maintaining old, constantly failing sewers is more costly to the taxpayers in the long run than modernizing and rebuilding the sewers now.

## Eliminate Flooding and Backups

Two hundred and fifty miles (30%) of San Francisco's 870-mile sewer system date back to the 1860's. Because many sewers were constructed before an overall flood-control plan existed, 159 miles of sewer are of inadequate size. Thirty-three miles of sewers have less than 40% of the capacity required to prevent flooding during a severe storm, say, one which would occur once in 5 years. During heavy winter rains these inadequate sewers back up causing street flooding and the degrading experience and health hazard to some citizens of a backup of sewage into homes.

Flooding creates a health hazard wherever there is exposure to human contact and should be reduced to a minimum in a metropolitan community. Estimated cost to correct the inadequacy of all the transport and collection sewers in the system would be approximately \$165 million. An amount of \$12.5 million of the total \$25 million requested is allocated for this type of improvement.

Coordinate Sewer Projects With Other Utilities Work

A list of needed projects has been determined. Their scheduling will be based on urgency and coordination with other projects such as street reconstruction, Muni track reconstruction, BART work and the construction of major utilities.

## Repair Defects in the Sewer System

Many brick and pipe sewers, some of which were built in the 1860's are deteriorated and are near collapse. These must be replaced as part of a continuing, orderly replacement program. The estimated cost of this work is \$82.5 million, of which \$7.5 million is requested. Included is a \$1 million special project to replace deficient sewers in the Lower Market Street area prior to the completion of the Market Street Beautification Program.

Another special project, for which \$2.5 million is requested, will modify the sewer system to halt the discharge into San Francisco Bay at Aquatic Park at the Hyde Street Pier, a prime water contact sport and recreational area.

Approval of these bonds also will allow other improvements totaling \$2.5 million including:

a) The elimination of undesirable interconnections which cause problems in the control of the system;

b) The revision of certain catchbasins which disgorge solids during rains, adversely affecting treatment plant operation and receiving water quality;

c) The provision of surface overflow relief for some of the City's 217 low points during an extreme rainfall;

d) Additions and extensions into unsewered areas.

Protect the Health and Welfare of San Francisco's Citizens

Your Yes vote on Proposition "B" will represent an investment in the health, welfare and well-being of all of us.

Vote Yes on "B" to help maintain the quality of our City for the future.

Proposition "B" has been endorsed by the following:

Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

Downtown Association of San Francisco

San Francisco Building and Construction Trades Council

Associated General Contractors of California

Associated General Contractors of Camornia San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly San Francisco Electrical Contractors Association, Inc. Thomas J. Mellon, Chief Administrative Officer San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument, and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Aves: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

#### **CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112**

#### SAN FRANCISCO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 2.37 AND STATE ELECTION CODE SECTION 5301 **PROPOSITION "B"**

SEWER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT BONDS, 1972. To incur a bonded indebtedness of \$25,000,000 for the improvement of the sewer system of the City and County of San Francisco.

Should the proposed bond issue be authorized and when all bonds shall have been issued on a fifteen year basis, and after consideration of the interest rates related to current municipal bond sales, in my opinion, it is estimated that approximate costs would be as follows:

Bond Redemption	\$25,000,000
Bond Interest	10,000,000
Debt Service Requirement	\$35,000,000

Based on a five year construction program, the average annual debt requirement would be approximately \$1,842,000 for nineteen years which amount is equivalent to seven and sixty-two hundredths (7.62) cents in the tax rate.

The following statement is made pursuant to the provisions of the San Francisco Administrative Code, Section 2.37.

The average dollar amount the above estimated effect on the tax rate would cost the owners of real property of \$5,000, \$8,750, and \$12,500 is estimated as follows:

Assessed Value	Assessed Value Reduced by \$750 Homcowner's Exemption	Assessed Value Not Reduced by Homeowner's Exemption
\$ 5,000	\$3.24	\$3.81
8,750	6.10	6.67
12,500	8.95	9.53

The following statement is submitted pursuant to the provisions of the State of California Election Code, Section 5301.

Based on consideration of interest rates related to current municipal bond sales and using the 1972-1973 assessment roll, it is estimated that the tax rate required to be levied to fund the proposed bond issue during the first fiscal year after the sale of bonds would be one and twenty hundredths (1.20) cent. Based on five sales to complete the issue it is estimated that eleven and forty-nine hundredths (11.49) cents would be the highest rate required during the nineteen year redemption period to fund the proposed bond issue, which rate is estimated to occur during the fiscal year 1977-1978.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

## **PROPOSITION C**

Amends Section 3.521: Provides, as of January 9, 1976, that all members of City Planning Commission shall be appointed by Mayor; removes Chief Administrative Officer and Manager of Utilities as ex officio members thereof.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION C

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending section 3.521 thereof relating to the membership of the City Planning Commission.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending section 3.521 thereof to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** 

type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)). 3.521 Commission: Composition

The city planning commission shall consist of seven members ((five)) all of whom shall be appointed by the mayor. ((The chief administrative officer and the manager of utilities, or their designated deputies, shall be members ex officio. The terms of appointive)) Appointive members of the commission ((shall expire one each at twelve o'clock noon on the 15th day of January in the years 1949, 1950 and 1951, and two at said time in the year 1948)) on the effective date of this amendment shall continue to hold their respective positions, subject to the provisions of this charter, for the remainder of the terms for which they have been respectively appointed. The term of one of the amendment shall expire at twelve

o'clock noon the 15th day of January in the year 1977, and the term of the other member added to the commission on the effective date of this amendment shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on the 15th day of January in the year 1978. Thereafter the term of each appointive member shall be four years. ((Present appointees shall continue in office without change of incumbency for the existing terms thereof.)) The mayor shall fill all vacancies in office of appointive members of the commission occurring either during or at the expiration of terms. ((Ex officio members of the commission shall serve as such without compensation.)) The compensation of appointive members of said commission shall be fifteen dollars (\$15) for each meeting of the commission actually attended by said members, provided that the aggregate amount paid all the members shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per year.

The effective date of this section as herein amended shall be January 9, 1976.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 24, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, von Beroldingen.

Noes: Barbagelata, Gonzales, Tamaras.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

#### **ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION C**

The replacement of the Manager of Utilities and the Chief Administrative Officer who now have voting membership on the City's Planning Commission with two private citizens is consistent with state-wide practice. It will provide increased opportunity for citizen participation on the City Planning Commission.

This vital Commission should be totally composed of citizens appointed by the Mayor, and the Mayor properly should be responsible for decisions of the Commission.

The proposed Charter Amendment would continue the membership of the City Planning Commission at seven members, and replace the two ex-officio members with appointive members from the general public. The Charter Amendment would become effective on January 9, 1976, when a new Mayor will take office.

According to available data, no other planning commission in the State of California permits governmental officials to serve as voting members.

To be effective, the commission form of government should be comprised of private citizens who can best reflect the concerns of the citizenry and make those policy decisions to be carried out by governmental officials.

The planning function has come of age in San Franciso. Its importance is recognized by all citizens. Planning Commission meetings on major issues are attended by hundreds of concerned citizens who are knowledgeable and articulate in planning matters. This present situation is far different from that which existed when the composition of the Planning Commission was altered over a quarter century ago. At that time, coordination between

the newly emphasized planning function and city government was the main reason for inclusion of the two ex-officio members on the Commission. While coordination is still a key element in the planning process, the seating of these two officials on the Commission is no longer necessary in achieving that goal.

The Planning Commission today must coordinate with many other bodies including the Redevelopment Agency, the Recreation and Park Commission, the Board of Education, the Housing Authority and Port Commission. The staff of the Planning Commission has more than tripled since the Charter Amendment adding the two ex-officio members was passed. Such staff provides the Commission with technical information and studies necessary for policy decision making, and coordinates well with City departments. The Chief Administrative Officer and Manager of Utilities are no longer needed for that service. City officials are available to provide experience, answer questions or coordinate decisions upon request. They need not be voting members of the Commission.

Both the Chief Administrative Officer and the Manager of Utilities operate large City Departments and are hard-working and dedicated public officials. They have enough to do managing these departments and utilities.

Planning policy can best be enacted by private citizens of the City and County who can be more responsive to the concerns of people living and working in San Francisco.

The replacement of the two ex-officio members of the City Planning Commission with private citizens will result in greater citizen participation in government, and decisions for which the Mayor who who appoints the Commission members will be answerable.

Vote "Aye" on this Charter Amendment.

Endorsed by:

William M. Brinton, Attorney at Law

Gardner W. Mein

Harold B. Brooks, Jr., Exec. Director, Bayview-Hunters Point Model Neighborhood Agency

R. Peter Henschel, Graduate School of Public Policy, UC Berkeley Jon Twichell

Helen B. Reynolds

**Russian Hill Improvement Association** 

San Francisco Bay Chapter, Sierra Club

Jack E. Early John R. Weise

San Francisco Council of the Bay Area Social Planning Council. Mrs. Francis V. Keesling, Jr.

Barristers Club of San Francisco

Yerba Buena Democratic Club

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

#### ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION C

San Francisco should not tamper with a system that has worked well for 25 years.

Proposition C would weaken the Planning Commission by re-

moving the two city officials whose decisions and cooperation are vitally important to making the city planning process become reality.

Vote "No" on "C"

San Francisco's planning process is unique among California cities. The Master Plan is adopted solely by the Planning Commission, and does not require approval by the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor. It is thus not subject to the usual review and action by the city's legislative and executive branches. In order to overcome this weakness of the Planning Commission, the Chief Administrative Officer and the Manager of Utilities were added to the Commission through Charter amendment in 1947. The majority of the commission — five members — are citizens appointed by the Mayor. Citizen control of the commission has been maintained. The system has worked well.

## Vote "No" on "C"

The same conditions that existed in 1947 exist today. The increased importance of city planning today makes it even more necessary to maintain the two ex-officio members for an effective planning commission.

#### Vote "No" on "C"

The proposed Charter amendment would not become effective until 1976, thus delaying the implementation of this legislation for four years. Obviously, even the authors of the proposition do not seem to think it is an urgent matter. Don't weaken planning in San Francisco. Vote No on Proposition C.

Sponsored by Greater San Francisco Chamber of Commerce.

James E. Stretch, President

The undersigned wish to support the negative ballot argument for Proposition C:

Supervisor John J. Barbagelata

Supervisor Peter Tamaras

Supervisor Robert E. Gonzales

**Building & Construction Trades Council** 

Daniel Del Carlo, Secretary-Treasurer

Building Industry Association, Gordon Blackley, Vice President Downtown Association of San Francisco, Lloyd Pflueger, General Manager San Francisco Labor Council, John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer Joseph G. Kennedy, Judge, Municipal Court, Chairman, Economic Opportunity Council

## PROPOSITION D

Amends Sections 5.102 and 5.104: Provides for employment, term, and removal of County Superintendont of Schools; deletes provisions relating to salary of said Superintendent; deletes provisions relating to appointment, term and salary of Superintendent of **Community College District.** 

## CHARTER AMENDMENT **PROPOSITION D**

Describing and setting forth a proposed amendement to the charter of the City and County of San Francisco by amending

Sections 5.102 and 5.104 thereof relating to the Superintendent of Schools and to the San Francisco Community College District.

The Board of Supervisors does hereby order submitted to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the charter of said city and county by amending Sections 5.102 and 5.104 thereof so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)). 5.102 Superintendent of Schools

The **county** superintendent of schools shall be the executive officer of the board of education. He shall be ((appointed)) **employed** by said board to serve for a term of **not more than** four years ((and he shall receive an annual salary of \$10,000 unless an increase in said salary shall be fixed by the board of education and approved by the board of supervisors)).

During his term of office the superintendent may be removed from his office, as in this section hereinafter provided, for ((misconduct or incompetency)) cause after charges setting forth the nature and character of said ((misconduct or incompetency)) cause are filed against the said superintendent. Said charges must be in writing and shall be signed by at least two members of the board of education. A copy of said charges, together with a notice of the time and place of the hearing on the same shall within five days after the filing of the same be served upon the said superintendent. The mailing of a copy of said charges, with notice of time and place of hearing on the same by United States registered mail with the proper amount of postage prepaid thereon, addressed to said superintendent at his last known place of residence, shall be deemed to be a service of said charges as provided for in this section. A public hearing on said charges shall be had by the board of education not less than ten, nor more than twenty days after the filing of said charges, provided that full power and authority is hereby given to the board of education to continue said hearing from time to time not to exceed sixty days from the commencement thereof, provided that for good cause said board may grant a further continuance on said hearing. The superintendent shall have the right to answer said charges, to appear at the hearing thereof and to be represented by counsel thereat for the purpose of defending himself against said charges. Pending the determination of said charges, the superintendent may be suspended from his office by a majority vote of the board of education; and the board may appoint a qualified person to discharge the duties of said superintendent during the period of suspension. If the board of education after hearing said charges shall by a two-thirds vote of all the members, determine that said charges have been sustained, it may by the same vote remove said superintendent from his office. No member of the board shall be entitled to vote on the removal of said superintendent unless he or she has been present at the entire hearing of such charges, provided that any member of the board who has not been present may vote for the removal of the superintendent, if such member has read a transcript of all the testimony taken on said hearing during his absence therefrom and shall file with the board an affidavit to this

effect. If said charges are not sustained by a two-thirds vote of all the members of said board; or if after said charges are sustained, the superintendent is not removed from office as a result thereof, said superintendent shall be reinstated in his position and shall be allowed his salary for the time that he has been under suspension, together with the costs of defending himself against said charges, including a reasonable fee for his attorney to be fixed and allowed by the board. If the charges are sustained, and as a result thereof said superintendent is removed from office, no further salary shall be allowed to said superintendent from the date of his suspension. In the hearing and determination of said charges filed against said superintendent, the judgment of said board of education shall be final unless in determining the sufficiency of said charges said board of education commits a clear abuse of discretion.

The superintendent shall have the powers and duties specified by this charter for department heads, in addition to such powers and duties as are fixed by general law.

The positions of superintendent and associate and assistant superintendents shall be held only by persons of expert or technical training, but shall not be subject to any provisions of this charter prescribing a residence qualification for officers or appointees, provided however, that during their incumbency appointees to such positions shall reside in the city and county, and in case any appointee shall fail so to do, his appointment shall at once be revoked by the board.

The superintendent may appoint a confidential secretary who shall hold office at his pleasure.

5.104 **Board of Education—Community College District** 

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5.100 or of any other provisions of this charter, on and after August 8, 1972, the community college district of the city and county shall be under the control and management of a board of education, hereinafter referred to as the governing board of said district, composed of seven members who are not members of the board of education of the unified school district of the city and county and who shall be elected at large by vote of the electors as in this section provided and who shall be subject to recall, and to suspensions or removal in the same manner as elective officers, as provided by this charter. The compensation of each member shall be one hundred dollars (\$100) per month.

At a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972 there shall be elected seven members of the governing board of the community college district of the city and county. The term of each member shall be four years; provided, however, that the respective terms of office of the members first elected shall commence at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of August, 1972, and shall expire as follows: the respective terms of office of the four members receiving the highest number of votes respectively at said election shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of January, 1977; the respective terms of office of the three members receiving the next highest number of votes respectively shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of January, 1975.

At the general election in 1974 there shall be elected three members of the governing board of the community college district of the city and county to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1975, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1974, the successors to said three members of the governing board of the community college district shall be elected, and at the general election in 1976 there shall be elected four members of the governing board of the community college district of the city and county to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1977, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1976, the successors to said four members of the governing board of the community college district of the city and county shall be elected. Except as set forth herein, all terms of office of members of the governing board of the community college district of the city and county shall commence at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of January following the date of their election.

((The superintendent of the community college district shall be the executive officer of the governing board. He shall be appointed by said board to serve for a term of four years at an annual salary to be fixed by the board. Otherwise the provisions of section 5.101 and 5.102 of this charter apply to the community college district.))

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 24, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

## ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## **ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION D**

Under the existing Charter provisions on appointment of the Superintendent of San Francisco Schools, the Board of Education has no option; it must appoint the Superintendent for a four-year term.

Having appointed a Superintendent for a four-year term, should the Board of Education for any reason wish to remove the Superintendent from office before the expiration of his term, it can do so under the present provisions of the Charter only by a cumbersome and embarrassing type of judicial proceeding.

By enabling the Board of Education to employ a Superintendent with a one- or two-year contract which could be re-negotiated or terminated at the end of the contract period, Proposition "D" would strengthen the ability of our elected Board of Education to determine the direction of San Francisco schools. The Board would not have to engage in the costly, time-consuming, and awkward business of "buying up" a Superintendent's contract before the end of four years because of unsatisfactory performance. Had the proposed revision already been in effect in our Charter

Had the proposed revision already been in effect in our Charter at the time the last Superintendent was appointed, the unfortunate situation concerning the desired termination of his incumbency by the Board of Education could have been avoided.

An employment contract should be negotiated between two parties, and the Board of Education should not be locked in by a

Charter requirement mandating a School Superintendent be hired for four years.

Proposition "D" would also bring the language of the Charter into conformity with the State Education Code, which states that "a city superintendent of schools may be elected for a term of not more than four years.".

Existing Charter provisions relating to the salary of the Superintendent of Schools are proposed to be deleted from the Charter since the State Legislature now establishes the salary of any county superintendent of schools and where, as in San Francisco, the county superintendent also serves as district superintendent, his additional salary as district superintendent is, under State law, established by the Board of Education by negotiation with the Superintendent.

A similar provision in Section 5.104 of the Charter concerning the Superintendent of the Community College District, which includes City College and Adult Education, is surplusage and should be deleted. State law controls the term of that office which may be for any period of time not more than four (4) years.

Endorsed by:

San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly

San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIÓ

John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO **Downtown Association of San Francisco** 

Mrs. Lee S. Dolson, member, Board of Education

Mr. George Chinn, member, Board of Education Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

Yerba Buena Democratic Club

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

**ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk** 

#### **PROPOSITION E**

Amends Section 3.500: Requires, with certain exceptions, that all meetings of boards and commissions or committees thereof be open and public; voids action taken at meetings violative of said reauirement.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT **PROPOSITION E**

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Section 3.500 thereof, relating to meetings of boards and commissions appointed by the Mayor.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Section 3.500 thereof, to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or subsitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

#### 3.500 Boards and Commissions

Each board and commission appointed by the mayor, or otherwise provided by this charter, shall have powers and duties as follows:

(a) To prescribe reasonable rules and regulations not inconsistent with this charter for the conduct of its affairs, for the distribution and performance of its business, for the conduct and government of its officers and employees, and for the administration, custody and protection of property under its control and books, records and papers appertaining to its affairs. The board of supervisors, by ordinance, may provide that rules and regulations of any board or commission, or general orders of any department head issued by authority of any board or commission that are of general public concern shall be posted or otherwise adequately publicized.

(b) To appoint one of its members as president to hold office for such term as each such board or commission by its rules or regulations, not inconsistent with this charter, may prescribe.

(c) To establish such standing or special committees as it shall deem necessary.

(d) To receive, on behalf of the city and county, gifts, devises and bequests for any purpose connected with or incidental to the department or affairs placed in its charge, and to administer, execute and perform the terms and conditions of trusts or any gift, devise or bequest which may be accepted by vote of the people or by the board of supervisors for the benefit of such department or purpose, and to act as trustees, under any such trust, when so authorized to do by the board of supervisors. The title to all real and personal property now owned or hereafter acquired by gift, devise, bequest or otherwise, by and for the purposes of any board or commission shall vest in the city and county.

(e) To require such periodic or special reports of departmental operations, costs and expenditures under its control as may be necessary and, exclusive of the board of supervisors, to submit an annual report to the mayor.

(f) To hold meetings at regular fixed dates and at regular meeting places, which dates or places shall not be changed except as in the manner provided by section 2.200 for the meeting times and places of the board of supervisors. All such meetings and all special meetings and all meetings of all committees, whether composed of more than or less than a majority of the parent board or commission, shall be open ((to the)) and public; provided, however, that nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any board or commission or committee thereof, respectively, from holding executive sessions during a regular or special meeting to: (1) consider the appointment, employment or dismissal of a public officer or employee or to hear complaints or changes brought against such officer or employee by another officer, employee or person unless such officer or employee requests a public hearing; (2) confer with legal counsel under circumstances in which the lawyer-client privilege conferred by the laws of the State of California may lawfully be claimed; and (3) confer with the Attorney General, district attorney, sheriff or chief of police or their respective deputies, on matters posing a threat to the security of public buildings or a threat to the public's right of access to public services or public facilities. Except as hereinabove set forth, any action taken at a meeting other than a regular or special open and public meeting provided for by this subsection, shall be void.

(g) To hold special meetings for the purposes and in the manner provided by the board of supervisors by ordinance, provided that no matter may be considered at any special meeting unless specifically designated in the notice calling such special meeting.

(h) To appoint a secretary, a superintendent, or other executive to be the administrative head of the affairs under its control who, unless otherwise specifically provided, shall not be subject to the civil service provisions of this charter, and shall hold office at its pleasure.

(i) To require a bond or other security from each such executive officer and from any employee in such form as the board of supervisors may authorize and in such amount as the mayor, on the recommendation of the controller, may approve, the premiums on such bonds to be paid by the city and county.

A quorum for the transaction of official business shall consist of a majority of all the members of each board or commission, but a smaller number may adjourn from time to time and compel the attendance of absent members in the manner and subject to penalties to be provided by ordinance. A majority, two-thirds, threefourths, or other vote specified by this charter for any board or commission shall mean a majority, two-thirds, three-fourths, or other vote of all the members of such board or commission. Each board or commission shall keep a record for the proceedings at each meeting and a copy thereof shall be forwarded promptly to the mayor. Except for the purpose of inquiry, each board or commission, in its conduct of administrative affairs under its control, shall deal with such matters solely through its chief executive officer.

Each board or commission relative to the affairs of its own department, shall deal with administrative matters only in the manner provided by this charter, and any dictation, suggestion or interference herein prohibited on the part of any member of a board or commission shall constitute official misconduct; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall restrict the power of hearing and inquiry as provided in this charter.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 21, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "E"

Proposition "E" would strengthen, at the local level the Brown Act, a state law which requires all public agencies to perform their work in public.

The Brown Act states that committees of public boards and commissions that are made up of a quorum must be open and public. Proposition "E" would mandate that all committee meetings of city boards and commissions, regardless of the number of committee members in atterdance, be open and public. This would prohibit, for example, a sub-committee made up of a few committee members from holding a private meeting in secret.

Proposition "E" would also provide an enforcement power to Charter Section 3.500 by invalidating any action taken at a regular or special board or commission meeting that is not open and public. There is no provision in the Brown Act or our Charter at the present time to invalidate actions taken at meetings that violate the Act.

Proposition "E" makes exceptions for city boards and commissions when they hold executive sessions for the purpose of considering personnel matters; conferring with legal counsel; or conferring with the Attorney General, the District Attorney, or peace officers on security threats to public buildings and threats to the public's right of access of public facilities or services.

A vote for Proposition "E" is a vote for the public's right to know the business of city agencies.

Endorsed by:

Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

Assemblyman Leo T. McCarthy

Assemblyman Willie L. Brown, Jr.

San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly

Tenants and Owners in Opposition to Redevelopment

**Citizens Committee for Freedom of Information** 

Downtown Association of San Francisco

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument, and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## **PROPOSITION F**

Amends Section 6.403: Prohibits imposition of gross receipts tax upon persons also liable, during same period, for payroll expense tax.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION F

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Section 6.403 thereof, relating to business license taxes.

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The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the charter of said city and county by amending Section 6.403 to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

#### 6.403 Business License Taxes

No tax based on, or measured by, gross receipts ((No licensetax)) shall be imposed after June 30, 1973, on any seller or manufacturer of goods, wares or merchandise ((operating at a fixed place of business in the city and county, except such as require permits or licenses)) if such person also is liable during the same period for payment of a tax imposed by the city and county based on, or measured by, payroll expense; provided, however, nothing herein shall prohibit any permit or license tax in accordance with or under the authority of any local health, sanitary or other ordinance under the police power.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 28, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

## **ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk**

#### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "F"

Amends Section 6.403: Prohibits imposition of gross receipts tax upon persons also liable, during same period, for payroll expense tax.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, it would not increase or decrease the cost of government.

However, should the proposed charter amendment not be adopter, estimated revenue for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$2,200,000 would be lost requiring a like amount to be raised from real property taxes. Using the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this loss of revenue to the City and County of San Francisco would be equivalent to an increase of nine and ten hundredths (9.10) cents in the tax rate.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

## **PROPOSITION G**

## Amends Section 8.340: Extends probationary period for entrance position in uniform rank of the sheriff's department from six months to one year.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION G

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said City and County by amending Section 8.340 thereof, relating to the probationary period for entrance positions in the uniform rank of the Sheriff's Department.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said City and County at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said City and County by amending Section 8.340 thereof so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or subsitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)). 8.340 **Dismissal During Probation Period** 

Any appointment to a position declared permanent by the civil service commission shall be on probation for a period of six months, provided that the probationary period for entrance positions in the uniform range of the police ((and)), fire, and sheriff's departments shall be for one year. At any time during the probationary period the appointing officer may terminate the appointment upon giving written notice of such termination to the employees and to the civil service commission specifying the reasons for such termination. Except in the case of uniformed members of the police and fire departments the civil service commission shall inquire into the circumstances. If the appointment resulted from an entrance examination the commission may declare such person dismissed or may return the name to the list of eligibles under such conditions for further appointment as the commission may deem just. If the appointment resulted from a promotional examination the employee shall have the right of appeal and hearing before the civil service commission. The commission shall render a decision within thirty days after receipt of the notice of termination and (a) may declare such person dismissed; or (b) order such person reinstated in his position without prejudice, and the commission may in its discretion order that the employee be paid salary from time of the termination of his appointment; or (c) order the return of such person to the position from which he was promoted. The decision of the commission shall be final. Immediately prior to the expiration of the probationary period the appointing officer shall report to the civil service commission as to the competence of the probationer for the position, and if competent, shall recommend permanent appointment.

The provisions of this section shall be effective on the first day of the month immediately following the date of ratification of this amendment by the State Legislature.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 28, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was

ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

## ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

#### **ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "G"**

This proposal will not cost the taxpayers of the City and County any money. However, passage of the proposal will enable the City and County to get money from the State for costs of training Deputy Sheriffs.

The state-wide Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training is established in Sacramento. The Commission is funded mainly by bail forfeitures and fines in criminal cases and also gets some financial aid from the State Legislature. The Commission then pays local law enforcement agencies for costs incurred in training deputized personnel. However, the Commission makes these payments to local agencies only if the local agencies comply with standards for law enforcement professionalism established by the Commission.

The San Francisco Police Department has received funds from the Commission for several years. In February of this year, the Commission for the first time agreed to pay the expenses of training San Francisco Sheriff's Deputies, and since February 15, 1972, Deputies have attended training programs and schools without cost to local taxpayers. These Deputies were the first in the history of the Sheriff's Department to receive formal training. However, the Commission has indicated that the Sheriff's Department must comply with the Commission's standards if the Department wishes to continue to receive money for training. One of these standards is that the probationary period of employment for recruits must be at least a year.

Unless this proposal is enacted, the Commission will stop paying the Sheriff's Department for training expenses. The net result would be either that local taxpayers would have to pay for training or that no Deputies would receive any formal training, as was the case prior to this year. In addition, the extension of the probationary period will enable the Department to conduct a thorough evaluation of new recruits. Both the Police Department and the Fire Department have found that a year-long probationary period is necessary in order to evaluate new personnel adequately. The Sheriff's Department is in the same position.

#### Vote "Yes" on Proposition "G"

Endorsed by:

Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor Richard D. Hongisto, Sheriff San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO Downtown Association of San Francisco

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument, and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

Amends various sections: Extends time period before an election for: (1) nomination process; (2) filing of arguments on ballot measures; (3) mailing of election material to voters; extends time period between date of call of special election on initiative or recall and date of holding said special election.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION H

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 9.104, 9.105, 9.111 and 9.112 thereof, relating to time limitations for: (1) nomination of elective officers; (2) mailing of material on candidates to voters; (3) filing of negative arguments with Registrar; and (4) holding special elections on initiative and recall petitions.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 9.104, 9.105, 9.111 and 9.112 thereof, so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or subsitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)). 9.104 Nomination of Elective Officers.

The name of a candidate for an elective office shall be printed upon the ballot when a declaration of candidacy, a nomination paper signed by not less than forty nominators and certificates of not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors shall have been filed on his behalf, and when the nomination shall have been made in the following manner: The candidate, not more than ((sixty)) seventy-five days before the municipal election in November, shall file with the registrar a declaration of his candidacy, in the form prescribed by the registrar for all candidates, including statements of his qualifications in not to exceed one hundred words, subscribed by him before the registrar. The registrar shall forthwith certify to the said subscription and its date and retain and file the declaration. The candidate shall pay to the registrar at the time of filing his declaration of candidacy a sum equal to two percent (2%) of the current annual salary for the office for which he is a candidate. After said declaration shall have been signed, certified and filed, and not later than ((forty-five)) sixty days before said election in November a nomination paper, in the form prescribed by the registrar for all candidates, signed by not less than forty nominators for the said candidate, who are electors of the city and county qualified to vote at the said municipal election, shall be filed with the registrar ((and not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors for

the said candidate, who are electors of the city and county qualified to vote at the said municipal election shall appear before the registrar and shall certify under oath to the qualifications of the said candidate on a form of certificate prescribed by the registrar for all sponsors of all candidates. The candidate shall have the right to reject any unsolicited sponsor)). In addition thereto and not later than sixty days before the election each candidate shall file with the registrar, on forms furnished by him, not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors, who are electors qualified to vote at the said municipal election and who shall sign and certify under the penalty of perjury to the qualifications of said candidate.

In the event the registrar shall refuse to file such declaration of candidacy, nomination paper therefor or certificate of a sponsor thereof, he shall forthwith designate in writing on the declaration, nomination paper or certificate the defect thereof, or other reason for refusing to file the same, and shall return the same to the party tendering it. No defect in any declaration, nomination paper or certificate presented to the registrar shall prevent the filing of another declaration, nomination paper or certificate within the period allowed for presenting the declaration, nomination paper or certificate. The name of every candidate who has been duly and regularly nominated shall be placed on the ballot under the title of the office for which he is a candidate, provided that a candidate whose nomination has been completed, may, not less than ((forty)) fifty days before a municipal election, withdraw as a candidate by filing with the registrar his withdrawal, naming the office; such withdrawal must be signed and sworn to by the person withdrawing.

The name of every candidate who has been nominated for office as hereinbefore provided shall be placed on the ballot in alphabetical order in accordance with the initial letter of his surname, under the heading of the office for which said candidate has been nominated in the following manner: The name of the candidate highest on the alphabetical list of candidates for any particular office shall be printed first on the ballot under the proper heading for said office in the lowest numbered assembly district in the city and county. Thereafter, in each succeeding assembly district, the name of the candidate appearing first for said office in the last preceding district shall be placed last and the order of the names of the other candidates for said office shall remain unchanged.

In the event that the number of candidates in any group shall exceed the number of assembly districts in the city and county, then the total number of candidates in such group shall be divided by the number of assembly districts and the quotient of said division, if an integral number, or, if it be a fractional number, then the next highest integral number, shall be the number of candidates to be taken from the beginning of the list of said candidates and placed at the end of said list of candidates in each succeeding assembly district.

Immediately under the name of each candidate and not separated therefrom by any line may appear, at the option of the candidate, one of the following designations: (a) Words designating the city, county, district or state office which the candidate then holds.

(b) If the candidate be a candidate for the same office which he then holds, and only in that event, the word "incumbent."

(c) The word designating the profession, vocation or occupation of the candidate. The profession, vocation or occupation so designated shall be the same as appears in the affidavit of registration of the candidate.

In all cases words so used shall be printed in eight-point roman boldface capitals and lower-case type.

No incumbent shall have any further preference in the location of his name on said ballot unless the same is permitted by this section.

The registrar shall preserve in his office for a period of four years all candidates' declarations, nomination papers and all sponsors' certificates filed in accordance with this section.

#### 9.105. Material on Candidates Mailed to Voters

The registrar shall, before each municipal election, cause to be printed in pamphlet form and mailed to each registered voter with the sample ballot, a copy of all statements of qualifications of candidates received by him, to be followed by the names and addresses and occupations of all sponsors of all officers to be voted for in said city and county.

The registrar shall cause ballots to be printed identical with the ballot to be used in each assembly district at the election and shall furnish copies of the same on application to registered voters at his office at least ((five)) thirty days before the date fixed for such election((,)).((and)) He shall also furnish copies of all material required by this charter to be mailed to the voters prior to the election. Commencing at least thirty days before the date fixed for the election, the registrar shall mail to each voter entitled to vote on such election a copy of the ballot to be used in his district, and a copy of all material required by this charter to be mailed to the voters prior to the election, so that all said sample ballots and material shall have been mailed at least ((eight)) ten days before said election. The rotation of names of candidates on ballots shall be as provided by general law.

9.111 Time of Election

If the petition accompanying a proposed initiative measure, declaration of policy, or recall be signed by registered voters equal in number to ten percent of the entire vote cast for mayor at the last preceding general municipal election and contains a request that said measure, policy or recall be submitted forthwith to a vote of the electorate at a special election, then the registrar shall forthwith call a special election which shall be held at a date not less than ((thirty)) sixty nor more than ((forty)) seventy-five days from the date of calling the same, at which said measure or policy, without alteration, or said recall shall be submitted to a vote of the electorate, unless within sixty days of a general or primary election, in which event it shall be submitted at such general or primary election.

If the petition accompanying a proposed initiative measure or declaration of policy be signed by registered voters equal in number to five percent but less than ten percent of the said entire vote, then such measure or measures, without alteration, shall be submitted by the registrar to a vote of the electorate at the next general atate or municipal election that shall occur at any time after thirty days from the date of the certificate of sufficiency attached to the petition accompanying such measure unless the board of supervisors, by ordinance, direct that the measure or policy be voted on at a special election prior thereto.

#### 9.112 Material on Measures Mailed to Voters

Whenever any measure is required by this charter to be submitted to the voters of the city and county at any election, the registrar shall cause the measure or policy to be printed on sheets measuring approximately six by nine inches, and shall mail the same with a sample ballot to each voter, at least ((five)) ten days prior to the election. This printed copy may be attached to any other matter required to be printed and mailed.

With or upon the sample ballot mailed to each voter prior to a recall election, there shall be transmitted the reasons for demanding the recall of the officer as set forth in the recall petition, printed in not more than three hundred words, and with or upon the same ballot the printed statement of the officer in not more than three hundred words justifying his course in office.

If the proposition be submitted to the registered voters upon an initiative, referendum or recall petition, the persons filing said petition shall have the right, upon deposit of an amount sufficient to defray the cost of printing as estimated by the registrar, to present to the registrar at any time not later than ((thirty-five)) fifty days prior to said election, written arguments favoring their petition, and the registrar shall not accept arguments favoring said petition without the approval of those filing said petition ((;)). ((provided that, as to any proposition to be submitted to the voters at a special election in accordance with section 9.111 hereof, to be held within thirty-five days of the date of calling such election, such arguments may be presented to the registrar at any time twenty-five days prior to said election.)) If said proposition be submitted by the mayor or by the board of supervisors, or by one-third of the board of supervisors, they shall have a similar right, but without the making of such deposit, to present arguments. Should the mayor or four or more members of the board of supervisors desire to submit to the voters a negative argument concerning any proposition submitted by the mayor, the board of supervisors, or one-third of the board of supervisors, they shall have a similar right, but without the making of such deposit, to present such an argument. The board of supervisors may also in its discretion, by motion, grant to any proponents of propositions submitted by the board a similar right, which may be exercised, subject to the approval of such arguments by motion of the board and upon the making of such deposit. Any persons, committee or organization opposing the measure, policy, charter amendment, or recall placed before the voters may present upon making a deposit as aforementioned, and in like manner ((and within the same time)) at any time not later than forty-five days prior to said election, written arguments opposing said proposition. Said arguments shall not contain more than 1800 words, nor

exceed four pages in length when printed. They shall be signed by the persons or the presiding or executive officials of the committee or organization presenting them. The registrar shall cause said arguments to be printed in a pamphlet approximately six by nine inches in size in one color of ink and in uniform style. They shall be arranged in numerical or alphabetical order according to the number or letter of the proposition to which they refer, and the affirmative in each case shall precede the negative. The registrar shall charge a uniform fee per page sufficient to cover the cost of printing said pamphlet, returning to depositors any excess of deposits. He shall mail one copy with the sample ballot to each voter.

Immediately after introduction in the board of supervisors, or filing with the clerk thereof, of any measure to be submitted to the voters, or of the filing of a petition of the voters for submission of any proposed amendment of the charter, in accordance with the provisions of Article XI, Section 3, of the Constitution of California. the clerk of the board shall deliver a copy of such proposition to the controller. The controller shall thereupon determine whether, in his opinion, such proposition, if adopted, will increase the cost of government of the city and county or in any way affect its tax rate. The controller shall make a written statement thereon to the board of supervisors, analyzing such proposition as to its cost and effect upon the tax rate. Such statement shall be in form appropriate for mailing to the voters with a sample ballot. Upon vote of submission of any such proposition, which, in the opinion of the controller, will in any way affect the cost of government or the tax rate and as to all propositions to create a bonded debt, the controller shall transmit a copy of such statement in relation thereto to the registrar of voters. who shall mail one copy thereof to each voter with the sample ballot. In the pamphlet of arguments, the position of the statement of the controller shall in each instance be next in order after the negative argument.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 28, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## **PROPOSITION I**

## Amends Section 3.539: Increases limitation on amount which may be appropriated to Police Narcotics Fund from \$50,000 to \$200,000 per year.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT • PROPOSITION I

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the charter of said city and county by amending Section 3.539 thereof, relating to the Chief of Police Narcotic Fund.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the charter of said city and county by amending Section 3.539 thereof, so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

## 3.539 Special Police Funds

The board of supervisors shall have the power to appropriate to the police department an amount not to exceed in any one fiscal year the sum of \$50,000 to be known as the contingent fund of the chief of police. The chief of police may from time to time disburse such sums from such fund as in his judgment shall be for the best interests of the city and county in the investigation and detection of crime, and the police commission shall allow and order paid out of such contingent fund, upon orders signed by the chief of police, such amounts as may be required.

The board of supervisors shall have the power to appropriate to the police department an amount not to exceed in any one fiscal year the sum of ((\$50,000)) \$200,000 to be known as the narcotic fund of the chief of police. The chief of police may from time to time disburse such sums from such fund as in his judgment shall be for the best interests of the city and county in the enforcement of the narcotic laws, and the police commission shall allow and order paid out of such narcotic fund, upon orders signed by the chief of police, such amounts as may be required.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Aug. 28, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

#### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "I"

Amends Section 3.539: Increases limitation on amount which may be appropriated to Police Narcotic Fund from \$50,000 to \$200,000 per year.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco would be increased by \$150,000 annually. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated annual increase is equivalent to sixty-two hundredths (0.62) of one cent in the tax rate.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco Deletes and adds various sections: Consolidates California Palace of the Legion of Honor and M. H. de Young Memorial Museum into one department designated as Golden Gate Museums of San Francisco; prescribes powers and duties thereof.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION J

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by deleting Sections 3.620, 3.621, 3.622, 3.623, 3.624, 3.630, 3.631, 3.632, 3.633, and 3.634 thereof, and by adding Sections 3.620, 3.621, 3.622, 3.623, and 3.624 thereto, and by amending Section 6.404 thereof, relating to the consolidation of the California Palace of the Legion of Honor and the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum into one department.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by deleting Part Thirteen, California Palace of the Legion of Honor, Sections 3.620, 3.621, 3.622, 3.623, 3.624 and Part Fourteen, The M. H. de Young Memorial Museum, Sections 3.630, 3.631, 3.632, 3.633, and 3.634 thereof, and by adding Part Thirteen, Golden Gate Museums of San Francisco, Sections 3.620, 3.621, 3.622, 3.623, and 3.624 thereto, and by amending Section 6.404 thereof, to read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face type**; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)). ((Part Thirteen: California Palace of the

Legion of Honor))

## ((3.620 Board of Trustees; Composition

The California Palace of the Legion of Honor shall be known as such in perpetuity. The management, superintendence and operation thereof and the lands set aside therefor shall be vested in a board of eleven trustees, of which the mayor and the president of the recreation and park commission shall be ex officio members. All vacancies occurring in said board shall be filled by the vote of a majority of the remaining members thereof. The number of trustees may be increased from time to time as needed, provided that at no time shall the total number of trustees exceed seventeen. The trustees in office at the time, shall, in their discretion, determination, the additional trustees. Upon making such determination, the additional trustees shall be elected by the majority of the board then in office. None of said trustees shall receive any compensation for his or her services. Trustees need not be residents of the city and county.)) ((3.621 Functions, Powers and Duties The board of trustees of the California Palace of the Legion of Honor shall have exclusive charge of the said memorial, the lands set aside therefor, and its affairs, and of all real and personal property thereunto belonging, or which may be acquired by loan, purchase, gift, devise, bequest or otherwise, when not inconsistent with the terms and conditions of the loan, gift, devise or bequest. It shall meet for its purposes at least once in three months, and at such other times as the president or any three members thereof may appoint, in a place to be provided for the purpose.))

## ((3.622 Director and Other Employees

The board of trustees of the California Palace of the Legion of Honor shall appoint a director, curators and secretary, who shall hold office at its pleasure. It shall appoint such other assistants and employees as may be necessary, who shall be subject to the civil service and salary standardization provisions of this charter.))

## ((3.623 Accounts, Reports and Insurance

The secretary of the board of trustees of the California Palace of the Legion of Honor shall keep a full account of all property, money, receipts and expenditures, and a record of all its proceedings, and shall file annually a report with the controller. The trustees shall have power to insure loan exhibits against any risk.))

#### ((3.624 Compliance with Terms of the Donation

It is the intention that the administration and control of the California Palace of the Legion of Honor shall be continued with the powers granted and under the conditions imposed by the terms of the donation and accepted by the city and county.))

((Part Fourteen: The M. H. de Young Memorial Museum))

### ((3.630 Board of Trustees; Composition

The M. H. de Young Memorial Museum shall be known as such in perpetuity. The museum and the grounds set aside therefor shall be under the management, superintendence, and operation of a board consisting of eleven trustees, of which the mayor and the president of the park commission shall be ex officio members. All vacancies occurring in said board shall be filled by the vote of a majority of the remaining members thereof. The number of trustees may be increased from time to time as needed, provided that at no time shall the total number of trustees exceed seventeen. The trustees in office at the time, shall, in their discretion, determine the need for additional trustees. Upon making such determination, the additional trustees shall be elected by the vote of the majority of the board then in office. None of said trustees shall receive any compensation for his or her services.))

### ((3.631 Functions, Powers and Duties

The board of trustees of the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum shall have exclusive charge of the said memorial museum, the lands set aside therefor, and its affairs, and of all real and personal property thereunder belonging, or which may be acquired by loan, purchase, gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise, when not inconsistent with the terms and conditions of the loan, gift, devise, or bequest. The trustees shall have power to insure loan exhibits against any risk. The park commission shall maintain and care for the grounds of this memorial museum, and shall furnish the moneys for the necessary repair and embellishment of the grounds and unoccupied parts.

The board of trustees shall have the power to maintain, repair or reconstruct existing buildings and construct new buildings and to make and enter into contracts relating thereto, subject, however, to the budget and annual appropriation ordinance.

The board shall meet for its purposes at least once in three months, and at such other times as the president or any three members thereof may appoint, in a place to be provided for the purpose.)) ((3.632 Director; Other Employees

The board of trustees of the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum shall appoint a director, curators and a secretary who shall hold office at its pleasure. It shall appoint such other assistants and employees as may be necessary, who shall be subject to the civil service and salary standardization provisions of this charter.)) ((3.633 Accounts and Records

The secretary of the board of trustees of the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum shall keep a full account of all property, money, receipts and expenditures and a record of all its proceedings, and shall file annually a report with the controller.))

((3.634 Compliance with Terms of the Donation

It is the intention that the administration and control of the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum shall be continued with the powers granted and under the conditions imposed by the terms of the donations and accepted by the city and county.))

Part Thirteen: Golden Gate Museums of San Francisco 3.620 Board of Trustees; Composition

The California Palace of the Legion of Honor and the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum are hereby consolidated into one department to be known and designated as the Golden Gate Museums of San Francisco or such other title as may be chosen by not less than two-thirds of the then authorized trustees of the museums. The management, superintendence and operation thereof, and the land set aside therefor, shall be vested in a board consisting of 32 trustees, of which the mayor and the president of the recreation and park commission shall be ex officio members. With the exception of certain members of the initial board and the ex officio members, each member shall be elected for a term of five years.

The initial board shall consist of the ex officio members and the members of the boards of the California Palace of the Legion of Honor and the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum as constituted on November 7, 1972. At the first meeting the members shall elect from among their number a person to fill the office of president and shall establish a method for determining which among them shall serve full five year terms and which shall serve for lesser periods of time in order to establish a board with a rotating membership. The office of president shall carry a term of five years. The office of president and all subsequent vacancies in said board howsoever occurring shall be filled by the vote of a majority of the trustees in office at the time. On a vote of the majority of trustees in office at the time the number of trustees may be increased or decreased from time to time as needed, provided that a vote to decrease the number of trustees shall affect only vacant offices in the authorized number of trustees occurring from whatever cause, and provided further that at no time shall the total number of trustees exceed 32. None of said trustees shall receive any compensation for his or her services, nor need they be residents of the city and county.

This section, and sections 3.621, 3.622, 3.623, 3.624 as herein added, and section 6.404 as herein amended, shall take effect on the filing with the secretary of state of the legislative resolution of approval thereof, except that the existing boards of trustees and departments shall continue for all purposes pertaining to the current fiscal year until the first day of the fiscal year next succeeding the filing of such resolution and the Board of Trustees of the Golden Gate Museums shall have power prior to such date only in matters pertaining to its own organization and to such next succeeding fiscal year and thereafter.

3.621 Functions; Powers and Duties

The board shall have exclusive charge of said museums, the lands set aside therefor, and their affairs including designating the days and hours during which they shall be open and the charges. if any, to be made for admittance thereto, and of all real and personal property belonging to the museums, or which may be acquired by loan, purchase, gift, devise, bequest or otherwise, when not inconsistent with the terms and conditions of the loan, gift, devise or bequest, and shall have the further power to insure loan exhibits. It shall meet for its purposes four times annually, at least once in three months, and at such other times as the president or any six trustees may appoint in a place to be provided for the purpose. It shall elect an executive committee consisting of the president and six other trustees which shall have such powers between meetings as are delegated to it by the board, which may include the full powers of the board. All subsequent vacancies in said committee howsoever occurring shall be filled by the vote of a majority of the trustees in office at the time. The president may appoint such further committees as he shall deem appropriate for the purpose of advising the board and executive committee on matters pertaining to the museums. The board further may designate such persons as it deems appropriate "honorary trustees." Each honorary trustee may have a seat on the board and may participate in debate, but said honorary trustee is not entitled to vote on any matters before the board for its consideration.

The board shall have the power to maintain, repair or reconstruct existing buildings and construct new buildings and to make and enter into contracts relating thereto, subject, however, insofar as city funds are to be used, to the budget and annual appropriation ordinance. The park commission shall maintain and care for the grounds of the museums, and shall furnish the monies for the necessary repair and embellishment of the grounds and unoccupied parts.

3.622 Director and Other Employees

The board shall appoint a director, three assistant directors, curators, and an executive secretary, who shall hold office at its pleasure. It shall appoint such other assistants and employees as may be necessary, who shall be subject to the civil service and salary standardization provisions of this charter.

The civil service rights of persons employed under the civil

service provisions of this charter in either the California Palace of the Legion of Honor or the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum departments shall continue in the Golden Gate Museums department; Seniority of any such employees who have acquired civil service status in either the California Palace of the Legion of Honor under the provisions of section 50 of the charter, as amended, and effective January 11, 1943, or in the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum under the provisions of section 51 of the charter, as amended, and effective January 11, 1943, shall be determined for all purposes in each instance by the date of commencement of full time continuous service with either of such departments.

3.623 Accounts and Reports

The executive secretary of the board of trustees of the Golden Gate Museums shall keep a full account of all property, money, receipts and expenditures, and a record of all its proceedings, and shall file annually a report with the controller.

3.624 Compliance with Terms of the Donation

It is the intention that the administration and control of the Golden Gate Museums of the City and County of San Francisco shall be continued with the powers granted and under the conditions imposed by the terms of the respective donations to the California Palace of the Legion of Honor and the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum and accepted by the city and county.

6.404 Appropriations for Maintenance of Certain Cultural Facilities (a) The board of supervisors shall annually appropriate to the war memorial board an amount sufficient to defray the cost of maintaining, operating and caring for the war memorial.

(((b) The supervisors, for the purpose of maintaining, operating and superintending the California Palace of the Legion of Honor and the purchase of objects of art, literary productions and other personal property, shall provide an amount sufficient for the maintenance, operation, and superintendence thereof, subject to the budget and fiscal provisions of this charter, and to that end shall levy a tax annually, the proceeds of which shall be credited to and deposited in a fund in the treasury of the city and county to be known as the "California Palace of the Legion of Honor Fund," and shall be used exclusively for the purposes thereof.))

(b) The supervisors, subject to the budget provisions of this charter, shall, for the purpose of maintaining, operating, providing for the security of, expanding and superintending the Golden Gate Museums and the purchase of objects of art, literary productions and other personal property, provide in each annual budget of the city and county an amount sufficient for the maintenance, operations, and superintendence thereof, and such additional amount as is necessary to take care of the increased demand for help, buildings, repairs, and care of the museums. Such amounts shall be credited to and deposited in a fund in the treasury of the city and county to be known as the "Golden Gate Museums Fund," or such other title as may be chosen by not less than two-thirds of the then authorized trustees of the museums and shall be used exclusively for the purposes thereof.

(((c) The supervisors, subject to the budget provisions of this charter, shall, for the purpose of maintaining the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum, include in each annual budget of city and county expenditures an amount sufficient for the maintenance, operation and superintendence thereof, not less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) in each annual budget, and such additional amount as is necessary to take care of the increase demand for help, buildings, repairs, and care of said memorial museum. Such amounts shall be credited to and deposited in the fund in the treasury of the city and county to be known as the "M.H. de Young Memorial Museum Fund."))

(((d))) (c) Funds necessary for the maintenance, operation, and continuance of the Steinhart Aquarium shall be furnished by the city and county to the California Academy of Sciences. The board of supervisors is empowered to furnish to said California Academy of Sciences such funds as the board shall deem proper for the maintenance, operation, and continuance of any or all other of said buildings and improvements heretofore or hereafter erected.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sept. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION J Vote Yes on Proposition "J"

The M. H. de Young Memorial Museum and the California Palace of the Legion of Honor are both gifts to the City of San Francisco, and operate under practically identical charters. Their art collections and activities overlap in many respects and would lend themselves well to joint operations. Consolidation of the two museums would give the City of San Francisco one major museum in two separate buildings, which would rank among the nation's finest.

Two and a half years ago, with the encouragement of many interested citizens and supported by an outside professional study, the two museum boards started holding their meetings together; their staffs were consolidated under one director, and soon after that the membership support organizations merged into one new non-profit corporation.

This new method of operation has increased efficiency, eliminated overlaps; attracted an unusually qualified professional staff, expert in specialties not heretofore available in San Francisco, and has made available a number of special exhibitions of greater public interest.

Under the new system, an unprecedented response is being received to requests for grants from both Federal and private sources for special museum needs—particularly the purchase of art to balance out the combined collections.

The trustees of both museums consider that the trial period of joint operations has dramatically demonstrated the advantages of operating joint museums as one unit, and with the formal consolidation outlined in Proposition "J", the cost of operating the museums can be effectively minimized, coordination of activities can be

strengthened, and elimination of unnecessary duplication of facilities and resources can be accomplished.

The undersigned heartily recommend that the obvious economies and the enhanced prestige available from joint operation be made permanent by this charter amendment.

Hon. Joseph L. Alioto Hon. Thomas J. Mellon Mr. Ransom Cook Mr. William R. Wallace Mrs. Alexander Albert Mr. Joseph M. Bransten Mr. Charles C. de Limur Mr. R. Stanley Dollar, Jr. Mrs. Frederick J. Hellman Mrs. Bruce Kelham Mr. Cyril Magnin Mrs. Robert A. Magowan Mrs. Robert Watt Miller Mr. Walter Newman Mr. Adolph Rosekrans Mrs. William P. Roth Mrs. Nion Tucker Mr. Whitney Warren Mr. Michel D. Weill Mrs. Charles Munn Mrs. W. Robert Phillips Mr. Harold L. Zellerbach Mr. Ian M. White, Director of Museums Downtown Association of San Francisco Mr. James Gerstley Mrs. Elizabeth M. Bogart Mrs. Robert Homans Mrs. Stephen Horn, II Mr. Joseph O. Tobin Mr. R. Gwin Follis E. G. Coopman Ann M. Burns R. E. Burns Rosalie W. Wolf Mr. William P. Scott, Jr. Mr. John Jay Ferdon Mrs. DeWitt K. Burnham Ida Belle W. Mailliard Elva S. Busher **Carmen** Fox **Frances Mitchell B.** Bowers Joanne Meany Helen L. Cohn Ellen Allen

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

### **ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION "J"**

The passage of this proposition would enable a small group of Trustees of the M. H. de Young Memorial Museum and the California Palace of the Legion of Honor, many of whom are neither San Francisco residents nor taxpayers, to enlarge their control over these two city departments and over the valuable public assets represented by their art collections and financial endowments. Contrary to the statements of the sponsors of this ballot measure, the trial-merger now in effect is rapidly eroding the efficient operation and professional status of both museums and threatens to totally destroy the Legion of Honor as a viable institution.

You are not being offered two museums for the cost of one but rather one museum for the cost of two. All the evidence indicates that the cost of operating the combined museums would exceed the present combined budgets of the two separate institutions due to expendiures for additional staff salaries and for the modifications to both museum buildings which would be necessary. Only by reduction in the number of exhibitions and in other museum services could costs be held to nearly the present levels. The prospects of Federal assistance funds is speculative and long-range at best; none have been received to date which relate in any way to merger. Private support for both museums has progressively declined over the past two years. Thus, for the foreseeable future, all cost increases resulting from merger would have to be borne by San Francisco taxpayers. The cost to Oakland taxpayers of the merger of their museums was in excess of \$7 million.

Proponents of this proposition have cited the so-called Buechner Report in support of their proposal for a merger. This contrived and specious document, written by a close personal friend of the Director of the museums and edited by members of the museum Boards to conform with their own views, hardly qualifies as an "outside professional study." Among its many questionable features is a recommendation a) that the galleries of the Legion of Honor be permanently installed and that all changing exhibitions be hanceforth presented at the de Young Museum, and b) that a private museum foundation, administered by the Executive Committee of the combined museum Boards, be established to function as a "holding company" for all future gifts of art to the combined museums for the purpose of exercising pressure against the Board of Supervisors to obtain additional tax monies. This would constitute diversion of public property to private ownership. Already, without voters' approval, many of the Legion's most important paintings have been transferred to the de Young, its changing exhibition program is being phased out and the building is currently under renovation to provide additional gallery space for permanent installations; already the ownership of many valuable works of art has been vested in the de Young Museum Foundation.

Both the Legion of Honor and the de Young Museum were given to the People of San Francisco, not to the special interest group which seeks to control them for its own personal profit and pleasure by means of this Charter revision. Do not surrender what you have in exchange for their undisclosed plans. This is not a merger but a take-over.

Vote No on Proposition "J"

Mrs. A. Sheridan Atkinson E. R. Gallagher James B. Stuart Citizens for a No Vote on Proposition "J" Adds Section 3.530-1: Provides for continuation of district police stations at locations in existence on January 1, 1972; permits Police Commission, with approval of Board of Supervisors, to establish new stations or abandon, relocate or consolidate existing stations.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION K

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said City and County by adding Section 3.530-1 thereto, providing for the maintenance and operation of district police stations in the city and county.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said City and County by adding Section 3.530-1 thereto, reading as follows:

### 3.530-1 District Police Stations

In the management of the police department, the police commission shall maintain and operate district police stations at the locations of said district police stations as were in existence on January 1, 1972; provided, however, that the police commission may, subject to the approval, by resolution of the board of supervisors, establish new and additional district stations, abandon or relocate any such district station or consolidate any two or more of such district stations.

This provision of this section shall become effective on July 1, 1973.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sept. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

Noes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Molinari.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION "K" Vote No on Proposition "K"

Present Charter provisions specifically prohibit the Board of Supervisors from interfering with the operation of City departments. Proposition "K" would negate this very important restriction and allow the Police Department to become a political football.

### Vote No on Proposition "K"

Keep politics out of the Police Department. The Charter places management of the Police Department in the Police Commission.

## ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION K

On June 6, 1972, by a vote of almost 2 to 1 (115,106 to 62,756) the citizens of San Francisco adopted a declaration of policy clearly demonstrating that they wanted two district police stations, Golden Gate Park and Southeast (formerly known as Potrero) to remain open. Despite this overwhelming public mandate, the Police Commission voted to proceed with closing the stations.

Proposition "K" will provide for the reopening of these two district stations and their maintenance in the same condition they were in as of **Jan**uary 1, 1972.

Proposition "K" will also give the citizens of San Francisco, through their elected representatives on the Board of Supervisors, a greater and necessary voice in the future maintenance of district police stations throughout the city. It will effect a Charter amendment requiring the Police Commission to obtain the approval of the Board of Supervisors before it closes, relocates, or consolidates any district stations or establishes any new and additional district stations.

Because police protection is of primary importance to city residents and because the majority of residents feel that neighborhood safety is enhanced by the mere presence of district police stations, such crucial decisions as the opening and closing of these stations should be made by a full composite of elected city representatives and not simply by three appointed commissioners.

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There is ample precedent for this. For example, our charter requires the consent of the Board of Supervisors before cable car service can be reduced or revised. Police protection is at least as important, if not more important.

As matters now stand, the Police Commission can (as it has just done) close neighborhood police stations over the strong objection of citizens who would be affected. The vote of the people last June has been disregarded by the Police Commission. A vote for this amendment will ensure the reopening of the Park and Southeast Stations which are in high crime areas and will guarantee that police protection in those areas (and every other area of San Francisco) is maintained at least at the level in effect on January 1, 1972. This is the minimum service that most San Franciscans consider adequate and a "Yes" vote will mean that no such police service can be reduced without the consent of the elected representatives of the people, namely, their Board of Supervisors.

Vote Yes on Proposition "K" and Keep Faith With San Francisco Voters.

Endorsed by:

San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly

South-East San Francisco Industry and Merchants Assoc., Inc. Visitacion Valley Improvement Association

Tufts Sheet Metal, Inc.

**Noe-Henry United Community Association** 

Hayes Valley Community Association

Potrero Hill Residents and Homeowners Council

Keep it where it belongs, with the Police Commission and not the Board of Supervisors.

At the November election in 1971, the people granted to the Police Commission broad new authority to manage the Police Department, and nothing is more important in management than the deployment of personnel. Don't authorize the Board of Supervisors to interfere with the proper deployment of police officers. Vote No on Proposition "K"

Proposition "K" would force the Police Commission to reopen two police stations that were closed to provide better supervision and more efficient police service to the people of San Francisco. Additional police patrol was provided by their closing. That this action was justified is illustrated by the dramatic drop in major crime in both station areas. To reopen these stations means more police personnel on inside Station Duty and less police personnel on patrol with a reduction in police coverage.

Vote No on Proposition "K"

To reopen these stations would increase the already high tax burden on the home owner. Remodeling of these buildings would require additional tax funds to put them in acceptable shape for use as police buildings. This is an unnecessary expense —

Police buildings do not prevent crime; Police officers on patrol in marked police cars prevent crime.

#### Vote No on Proposition "K"

Don't vote to decrease police patrol coverage and increase the cost of police services.

Vote No on Proposition "K"

Keep politics out of the Police Department.

Vote No on Proposition "K"

Don't vote to increase taxes for decreased police protection. Vote No on Proposition "K"

> Commissioner Elmo E. Ferrari Commissioner Richard K. Miller Chief of Police Donald M. Scott

#### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9,112 PROPOSITION "K"

Adds Section 3.530-1: Provides for continuation of district police stations at locations in existence on January 1, 1972; permits Police Commission, with approval of Board of Supervisors, to establish new stations or abandon, relocate or consolidate existing stations.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, based on a report by the Police Department, in my opinion, it is estimated that the first year's increase in the cost of government will be \$186,846 and thereafter, an annual increase in the cost of government of \$15,446. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, the estimated increase for the first year is equivalent to seventy-seven hundredths (0.77) of one cent in the tax rate and for future years, the annual increase would be equivalent to six hundredths (0.06) of one cent in the tax rate.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco 「おけていた」というのないで、「「「「「」」」

Adds, amends or repeals various sections: Provides for: (1) appointment and removal of Treasurer; (2) one-year extension of current term of City Attorney; (3) primary nominating election for all elective offices other than office of supervisor.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION L

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Sections 3.350 and 3.351 thereto, by amending Sections 9.100, 9.103, 9.104 and 9.107 thereof, and by repealing Section 3.405 thereof, providing for: (1) an appointive office of treasurer; (2) an extension of the current term of the city attorney; and (3) a primary nominating election for all elective offices except the office of member of the board of supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Sections 3.350 and 3.351 thereto, by amending Sections 9.100, 9.103, 9.104 and 9.107 thereof, and by repealing Section 3.405 thereof, so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** 

type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

Chapter Three and One-Half: Treasurer

3.350 Appointment

There shall be a treasurer, who shall be appointed by the mayor, subject to confirmation and approval by the two-thirds vote of board of supervisors. Such appointment shall be made solely upon the basis of qualifications by education, training and experience for the position to be filled. He may be removed by the board of supervisors by a two-thirds vote.

The treasurer shall furnish an official bond in the sum as determined by ordinances of the Board of Supervisors.

Any person who has performed the duties of treasurer continuously for one year prior to the effective date of this amendment and who on said date shall be performing said duties, is hereby appointed and confirmed in said position and thereafter shall hold the same pursuant to the provisions of this section.

The position of chief assistant treasurer shall be subject to the civil service provisions of the Charter; provided, however, that any person who has performed the duties of chief assistant in the office of treasurer continuously for one year immediately prior to the effective date of this amendment and who on said date shall be performing said duties, is hereby confirmed in said position and thereafter shall hold the same pursuant to the civil service provisions of this charter and shall be entitled to all the benefits and privileges of said provisions.

#### 3.351 General Powers and Duties

The treasurer shall be responsible to the mayor and to the board of supervisors for the administration of all of the affairs of the city and county that are placed in his charge by the provisions of this charter and by ordinance.

((3.405 **Treasurer**))

((The treasurer shall be an elective officer. He shall furnish an official bond in the sum of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). He shall appoint, and at his pleasure may remove, one chief assistant.))

### 9.100 Elective Officers and Terms

The mayor, the members of the board of supervisors, an assessor, a district attorney, a city attorney, a sheriff, ((a treasurer,)) a public defender, and commencing with a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972, the members of the board of education-shall be elected at large by the voters of the city and county.

At the general municipal election in ((1943)) 1975, and at the general municipal election in every fourth year thereafter, there shall be elected a mayor, six supervisors, a district attorney and a sheriff, and at the general municipal election in ((1945)) 1973, and at the general municipal election in every fourth year thereafter, there shall be elected five supervisors, ((a city attorney, and treasurer,)) and at the general election in 1942, and at the general election in every fourth year thereafter there shall be elected an assessor, a city attorney and a public defender. At a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972 seven members of the board of education shall be elected at large. All of the aforesaid officials, except as set forth herein, shall be elected for a term of four years from the commencement of their respective terms as herein specified. The term of the city attorney who shall hold office on the 8th day of January, 1974, shall not expire at twelve o'clock noon on said date, but shall be extended for an additional one year period and shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of January, 1975, and the person elected city attorney at the general election in 1974 shall succeed to said office at twelve o'clock noon on said 8th day of January, 1975.

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The respective terms of the members of the board of education who shall hold office on the 8th day of August, 1972, shall expire at twelve o'clock noon on said date, and the persons elected as members of the board of education at a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972 shall succeed to said offices at twelve o'clock noon on said 8th day of August, 1972. The respective terms of office of the members of the board of education elected at a special municipal election to be consolidated with the direct primary in 1972, shall be as follows: The four members receiving the highest number of votes respectively at said election shall hold office for a term consisting of the period of time until the 8th day of January, 1977; the three members receiving the next highest number of votes respectively at said election shall hold office for a term consisting of the period of time until the 8th day of January, 1975. Thereafter the term of each member elected to the board of education shall be four years from the commencement of his term as herein specified.

At the general election in 1974 there shall be elected three members of the board of education to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1975, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1974, the successors to said three members of the board of education shall be elected, and at the general election in 1976 there shall be elected four members of the board of education to succeed those members thereof whose respective terms of office expire on the 8th day of January, 1977, and at the general election in each fourth year after 1976, the successors to said four members of the board of education shall be elected. Except as set forth herein, all terms of office of elective officials shall commence at twelve o'clock noon on the 8th day of January following the date of their election.

No person elected as mayor or supervisor shall be eligible, for a period of one year after his last day of said service as mayor or supervisor, for appointment to any full time position carrying compensation in the city and county service.

## 9.103 Municipal Elections

On Tuesday after the first Monday in November in 1931 and every second year thereafter, there shall be held in the city and county an election to be known as the general municipal election, at which the electors of the city and county shall choose such officers as are required by this charter to be elected at that time.

On Tuesday after the first Monday in June in 1975 and every fourth year thereafter, and on Tuesday after the first Monday in June, 1974, and every fourth year thereafter, there shall be held in the city and county an election to be known as the primary nominating election. At the primary nominating election to be held in 1975 and every fourth year thereafter, the electors of the city and county shall nominate the candidates for the offices of mayor, district attorney and sheriff to be voted for at the general municipal election next ensuing; at the primary nominating election to be held in 1974 and every fourth year thereafter, the electors of the city and county shall nominate the candidates for the offices of assessor, city attorney and public defender to be voted for at the general municipal election next ensuing. Special municipal elections shall be called by the registrar when required by this charter on the filing of appropriate initiative, referendum or recall petitions, as provided by this charter, and may be called by the supervisors for bond issues, declarations of policy, or for the voting on candidates for city and county offices not subject to election at general municipal elections.

All provisions of the general laws of this state, including penal laws, respecting the registration of voters, initiative, referendum and recall petitions, elections, canvass of returns and all matters pertinent to any and all of these, shall be applicable to the city and county except as otherwise provided by this charter or by ordinance adopted by the board of supervisors as authorized by this charter relative to any rights, powers or duties of the city and county or its officers. When not prohibited by general law, the supervisors by ordinance may provide that the publication of precincts and polling places shall be by posting only.

### 9.104 Nomination of Elective Officers

The name of a candidate for ((an)) the elective office of member of the board of supervisors shall be printed upon the ballot to be used at the general municipal election when a declaration of candidacy, a nomination paper signed by not less than forty nominators and certificates of not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors shall have been filed on his behalf, and when the nomination shall have been made in the following manner: The candidate, not more than sixty days before the municipal election in November, shall file with the registrar a declaration of his candidacy, in the form prescribed by the registrar for all candidates, including statements of his qualifications in not to exceed one hundred words, subscribed by him before the registrar. The registrar shall forthwith certify to the said subscription and its date and retain and file the declaration. The candidate shall pay to the registrar at the time of filing his declaration of candidacy a sum equal to two per cent (2%)of the current annual salary for the office for which he is a candidate. After said declaration shall have been signed, certified and filed, and not later than forty-five days before said election in November a nomination paper, in the form prescribed by the registrar for all candidates, signed by not less than forty nominators for the said candidate, who are electors of the city and county qualified to vote at the said municipal election, shall be filed with the registrar and not less than twenty nor more than thirty sponsors for the said candidate, who are electors of the city and county qualified to vote at the said municipal election shall appear before the registrar and shall certify under oath to the qualifications of the said candidate on a form of certificate prescribed by the registrar for all sponsors of all candidates. The candidate shall have the right to reject any unsolicited sponsor.

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The name of a candidate for any elective office for which a primary nominating election is required under this charter shall be printed upon the ballot to be used at said primary nominating election when his nomination shall have been made in the manner hereinbefore set forth for a candidate for the elective office of member of the board of supervisors, provided, however, that the time limitations therein set forth for any action to be taken thereunder shall be calculated from the primary nominating election in June.

The two candidates receiving the highest number of votes for any given office at the primary nominating election shall be the candidates, and the only candidates, for such office whose names shall be printed upon the ballot at the general municipal election.

In the event of the death, resignation or other disqualification of any candidate nominated at a primary nominating election for any office, such resignation being duly sworn to and filed with the registrar of voters, the person who received the highest vote of those who were candidates for such office, other than the candidates who were nominated therefor at the primary nominating election, shall be deemed a candidate and, if practicable, his name shall be printed upon the ballot to be used at the general municipal election, with the same force and effect as if such person had been nominated therefor as hereinbefore provided.

In the event the registrar shall refuse to file ((such)) any declaration of candidacy, nomination paper therefor or certificate of a sponsor thereof, he shall forthwith designate in writing on the declaration, nomination paper or certificate the defect thereof, or other reason for refusing to file the same, and shall return the same to the party tendering it. No defect in any declaration, nomination paper or certificate presented to the registrar shall prevent the filing of another declaration, nomination paper or certificate within the period allowed for presenting the declaration, nomination paper or certificate. The name of every candidate who has been duly and regularly nominated shall be placed on the ballot under the title of the office for which he is a candidate, provided that a candidate whose nomination has been completed, may, not less than forty days before a municipal election, withdraw as a candidate by filing with the registrar his withdrawal, naming the office; such withdrawal must be signed and sworn to by the person withdrawing.

The name of every candidate who has been nominated for office as hereinbefore provided shall be placed on the ballot in alphabetical order in accordance with the initial letter of his surname, under the heading of the office for which said candidate has been nominated in the following manner: The name of the candidate highest on the alphabetical list of candidates for any particular office shall be printed first on the ballot under the proper heading for said office in the lowest numbered assembly district in the city and county. Thereafter, in each succeeding assembly district, the name of the candidate appearing first for said office in the last preceding district shall be placed last and the order of the names of the other candidates for said office shall remain unchanged.

In the event that the number of candidates in any group shall exceed the number of assembly districts in the city and county, then the total number of candidates in such group shall be divided by the number of assembly districts and the quotient of said division, if an integral number, or, if it be a fractional number, then the next highest integral number, shall be the number of candidates to be taken from the beginning of the list of said candidates and placed at the end of said list of candidates in each succeeding assembly district.

Immediately under the name of each candidate and not sepa-rated therefrom by any line may appear, at the option of the candidate, one of the following designations:

(a) Words designating the city, county, district or state office which the candidate then holds.

(b) If the candidate be a candidate for the same office which he then holds, and only in that event, the word "incumbent."

(c) The word designating the profession, vocation or occupation of the candidate. The profession, vocation or occupation so designated shall be the same as appears in the affidavit of registration of the candidate.

In all cases words so used shall be printed in eight-point roman boldface capitals and lower-case type.

No incumbent shall have any further preference in the location of his name on said ballot unless the same is permitted by this section.

The registrar shall preserve in his office for a period of four years all candidates' declarations, nomination papers and all sponsors' certificates filed in accordance with this section.

## 9.107 **Results of Election—Failure to Qualify**

The canvass of voters, canvass of returns, declaration of election and certificate of election shall be made as provided by general law. In the event that any candidate for nomination to any office for which a primary nominating election is required under this charter shall receive a majority of the votes cast for all the candidates for nomination to such office at such primary nominating election, the candidate so receiving such majority of votes shall be deemed to be elected to such office. If a person elected fails to qualify, the office shall be filled as in this charter provided for a vacancy in such office.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

Noes: Supervisors Francois, Kopp.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

## ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

2-9-2 June -

### ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION L Argument for Proposition "L"

A "Yes" vote for Proposition "L" will insure majority election of major elected officers of San Francisco by providing the opportunity for a primary nominating election in June for City officials, and if the winner of the primary does not receive a majority vote of the people, the top two contenders will "run-off" at the general election in November.

The Mayor, Sheriff, City Attorney, Assessor, District Attorney, Public Defender, and Treasurer are now elected by plurality. This system has worked acceptably in the past but as urban problems become more complex and the number of candidates increase, it becomes most important to insure that those elected represent a majority, and not a small minority, of the people of San Francisco. It is important that these officers are elected with a mandate for change so that they might implement their programs. An officer who is elected by a majority of the people will be supported more readily and can work more effectively than a candidate who is elected by a small percentage of the vote.

A "Yes" vote will provide an improved and streamlined election process. The addition of a June Primary election every fourth year will help unclutter the ballot as charter amendments and bond issues can be spread-out over two elections.

Under the present plurality system, San Francisco has elected a Mayor representing a majority vote only five times since 1931. Up to 1967, there were no more than eight candidates for that office. Since 1967, however, there have been eighteen candidates in one election and eleven in the other. The presence of so many candidates reduces clear and cogent debate on the platforms and issues which concern the people. The run-off election will provide the top two vote getters opportunity to debate these issues in clear focus and with adequate press coverage.

This Charter Amendment will achieve an additional reform by making the Office of Treasurer appointive and removing the Treasurer from politics. The Office of Treasurer is not policy-making but administrative. The Treasurer follows established policies as set by State law. The appointment of the Treasurer by the Mayor would be subject to two-thirds ratification of the Board of Supervisors. The Treasurer could be removed by a two-thirds vote of the same Board. The Chief Assistant to the Treasurer will be subject to the Civil Service provisions of the Charter and therefore insure technical back-up in the event the Treasurer is changed.

By extending the term of the City Attorney one year to 1974, the cost of an additional election every two years instead of every four years is avoided. The City Attorney will run in 1974 when the Assessor and Public Defender also run.

Proposition "L" will provide a workable method for majority election of the chief elected officers of San Francisco at a minimum cost and with no disturbance of current election date sequences. It will not favor any candidate, cause, or political party, but will provide a run-off between the two top contenders if one does not receive a majority vote at the June primary election as is already the case in most cities.

Proposition "L" will give the people an opportunity to know more about the candidates and their platforms in the event of a run-off and will protect the people by insuring that those who are elected as top officials will represent a majority and mainstream, of those voting.

Endorsed by:

San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly San Francisco Junior Chamber of Commerce

Downtown Association of San Francisco

Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

No: Supervisor Kopp.

**ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk** 

## **ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION L**

(Argument in opposition to charter amendment proposing elections for single-seat offices in San Francisco (Proposition "L")

I am opposed to this change in the Charter because it will increase the costs of elections. Some of the additional costs to the taxpayers are obvious. The amendment would require a new primary election in 1975, and every four years after that. The Registrar of Voters has estimated that the primary election proposed for 1975 would cost local taxpayers at least \$300,000 if held today. In 1975, that election will probably cost even more.

Given the severe burdens placed on property owners by our present tax structure, we cannot afford to disregard these direct increased costs. Yet the less obvious indirect costs of this measure are equally worrisome. In counties where primary elections have been required for candidates for local office, it has been documented that it costs a candidate twice as much to run in two elections as to run once. A candidate has to raise money for the primary campaign and again for the run-off. In the last Mayoral campaign in the City, the successful candidate spent over half a million dollars. Even this present level of campaign spending makes it nearly impossible for a candidate representing the interests of the middle class or the poor to run successfully for the office of Mayor. In order to win, even now, a candidate must be independently wealthy or must solicit financial support from large contributors—support which is rarely free of expected influence. These problems with campaign costs will be doubled if the present amendment is enacted.

Some have said that opposition to this proposal implies opposition to majority democratic vote. That is not the case. In a democracy, a successful candidate should reflect the sentiments of a majority of the people voting. However, there is a real danger that, where huge sums of money are required to run for office, the democratic process will tend to represent the interests of wealthy contributors who are able to exert an undue influence on that process.

We urgently need workable restrictions on campaign spending. When we have those restrictions, a proposal for run-off elections will make sense. But without workable limitations on the amount that a candidate can spend, run-off elections will simply increase the degree of control that the wealthy exert on our political process.

Richard D. Hongisto, Sheriff Terry A. Francois, Supervisor ۱'n

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### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "L"

Adds, amends or repeals various sections: Provides for: (1) appointment and removal of Treasurer; (2) one-year extension of current term of City Attorney; (3) primary nominating election for all elective offices other than office of supervisor.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, based on a report by the Registrar of Voters, in my opinion, it is estimated that the annual increase in the cost of government would be approximately \$300,000 in the year of 1975 and every fourth year thereafter. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated increase is equivalent to one and twenty-four hundredths (1.24) cents in the tax rate.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

## **PROPOSITION M**

Adds Section 8.521: Permits employees whose entry into City service was delayed due to military service to receive credit in Retirement System for certain time spent in military service upon payment of necessary contributions.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION M

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Section 8.521 thereto, to provide for the granting of credit as city service in the Retirement System to persons in military service who had standing on an eligible list for appointment to a permanent position and who were reached for certification to a permanent position while in military service.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding thereto Section 8.521, reading as follows:

## 8.521 Credit for Certain Military Service

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Charter, any member who was serving in the armed forces of the United States or the State of California during time of war or any emergency lawfully declared by the President of the United States, who had standing on an eligible list for appointment to a permanent position and was reached for certification to a permanent position while so serving shall have the right to elect to make contributions as provided in this section and to receive credit in this system as city service for all or any part of the time after he was so reached during which he was so serving; provided, however, that no member shall have such right unless he entered into employment with the city and county as a result of such certification made in accordance with the provisions of Section 8.361 of the Charter within one year after his discharge from such armed forces.

Any member who elects pursuant to this section to make contributions and receive credit for such time shall contribute to the Retirement System an amount determined by applying the rate of contribution first applicable to him on the effective date of his membership in the Retirement System to the monthly compensation earnable by him on said date, together with interest on said amount at the rates of interest being used from time to time under the retirement system.

The Board of Supervisors shall provide by ordinance the time and manner for making said contributions and for the crediting of such service as service credit.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

## ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "M" Vote "Yes" on Proposition "M"

Proposition "M" is designed to correct a serious inequity involving 64 City employees, all veterans of the Armed Forces during time of war. These City employees are deprived of full credit in the Retirement System solely because they were serving their country during wartime. These 64 employees were offered appointments to permanent civil service positions from eligible lists established by examination. However, because they were serving in the Armed Forces during time of war, they were unable to accept the appointments. Other employees appointed from the same eligible list received full credit in the Retirement System from their first day of appointment, even though many of these same employees entered the Armed Forces at a later date.

Had these 64 employees not been in the Armed Forces at the time of their notice of appointment, they, too, would have received equal credit in the Retirement System.

To grant full credit in the Retirement System to one group of employees who served in the Armed Forces during wartime, but to deprive another group of employees of the same credit because of the same wartime service, is the serious inequity Proposition "M" will correct.

The cost of Proposition "M" is negligible to the taxpayers, principally because it provides that each employee affected by this amendment must pay his full share of the costs of obtaining full credit in the Retirement System. In addition, it is optional with each employee to obtain the additional retirement credit.

Proposition "M" extends a rightful benefit to a handful of employees who served their country during the hour of its greatest need. Proposition "M" provides long, overdue justice to these 64 ex-servicemen. Correct this injustice by voting Yes on Proposition "M."

### Vote "Yes" on Proposition "M"

Endorsed by: Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor **Civil Service Association of San Francisco** Municipal Improvement League consisting of: Automotive Machinists Lodge No. 1305 **Civil Service Building Maintenance Union Local 66A** Civil Service Per Diem Men's Association of S.F. Hospital and Institutional Workers' Union Local 250 Machinists Lodge No. 68 American Federation of Technical Engineers Local 21 Retired Employees of the City and County of S.F. San Francisco City and County Employees Union Local 400 San Francisco Classroom Teachers Association San Francisco Federation of Teachers Local 61 San Francisco Fire Fighters Local 798 San Francisco Police Officers' Association San Francisco Veteran Police Officers' Association Staff Council Bureau of Public Health Nursing John D. Monaghan American Legion, Department of California Seventh and Eighth Districts of the American Legion in the City and County of San Francisco San Francisco County Council of the American Legion **Chauffeurs Union Local No. 265** Joint Council of Teamsters No. 7 Jack Goldberger George Y. Chinn Brotherhood of Teamsters Local No. 85 Donald M. Scott, Chief, Police Department Veterans Committee Veterans Political Council of San Francisco Honorable John A. Ertola, Judge of the Superior Court Morris Bernstein, Vice President, Fire Commission Rudy Tham, President, Fire Commission

San Francisco Police Commission Frank Hunt, Fire Commissioner Keith P. Calden, Chief, Fire Department Downtown Association of San Francisco San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO John F. Onzulen, Sconstern, Emergenen Sci

John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

## **ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk**

### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "M"

### Adds Section 8.521: Permits employees whose entry into City service was delayed due to military service to receive credit in Retirement System for certain time spent in military service upon payment of necessary contributions.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, based on a report by the Retirement System, there are presently 5 policemen, 27 firemen, 32 miscellaneous employees or a total of 64 employees eligible to elect to receive credit, it is estimated that the annual increase in the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco would be \$44,503. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated annual increase is equivalent to eighteen hundredths (0.18) of one cent in the tax rate.

It is not possible to predict the number of future employees who might elect to receive credit, therefore, future additional costs are not determinable at this time.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

### **PROPOSITION N**

# Amends Sections 8.546, 8.547, 8.549, 8.570, 8.571 and 8.573, relating to retirement and survivors' benefits of members of Police and Fire Departments.

## CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION N

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 8.546, 8.547, 8.549, 8.570, 8.571 and 8.573 thereof, relating to retirement and survivors benefits of members of the Police and Fire Departments.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 8.546, 8.547, 8.549, 8.570, 8.571 and 8.573 thereof, so that the same shall read as follows:

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NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parenthesis)). 8.546 Service Retirement

Any member of the police department who completes at least twenty-five years of service in the aggregate and attains the age of fifty (50) years, said service to be computed under section 8.554, may retire for service at his option. Members shall be retired on the first day of the month next following the attainment by them of the age of sixty-five years. A member retired after meeting the service and age requirements in the two sentences next preceding, shall receive a retirement allowance equal to fifty-five per cent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.545, plus an allowance at the rate of three per cent of said final compensation, for each year of service rendered ((after qualifying as to age and service for retirement)) in excess of twenty-five years; provided, however, that such retirement allowance shall not exceed seventy per cent of said member's final compensation. A member retired after attaining the age of sixty-five years, but before completing twenty-five years of service in the aggregate computed under section 8.554, shall receive a retirement allowance which bears the same ratio to fifty per cent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.545 as the service with which he is entitled to be credited, bears to twenty-five years. If, at the date of retirement for service, or retirement for disability resulting from an injury received in performance of duty, said member has no wife, children or dependent parents, who would qualify for the continuance of the allowance after the death of said member, or with respect to the portion of the allowance which would not be continued regardless of dependents, or upon retirement for disability resulting from other causes, with respect to all of the allowance and regardless of dependents at retirement, a member retired under this section, or section 8.547, may elect before the first payment of the retirement allowance is made, to receive the actuarial equivalent of his allowance or the portion which would not be continued regardless of dependents, as the case may be, partly in a lesser allowance to be received by him throughout his life, and partly in other benefits payable after his death to another person or persons, provided that such election shall be subject to all the conditions prescribed by the board of supervisors to govern similar election by other members of the retirement system, including the character and amount of such other benefits.

#### 8.547 **Retirement for Incapacity**

Any member of the police department who becomes incapacitated for the performance of his duty by reason of bodily injury received in, or illness caused by performance of his duty, shall be retired. If he is not qualified for service retirement, he shall receive a retirement allowance in an amount which shall be equal to the same percentage of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.545, as his percentage of disability is determined to be. The percentage of disability shall be as determined by the Workmen's Compensation Appeals Board of the State of California upon referral from the retirement board for that purpose; provided

that the retirement board may, by five (5) affirmative votes, adjust the percentage of disability as determined by said Appeals Board; and provided, further, that such retirement allowance shall be in an amount not less than fifty per cent nor more than ninety percent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.545. Said allowance shall be paid to him until the date upon which said member would have qualified for service retirement had he lived and rendered service without interruption in the rank held by him at retirement, and after said date the allowance payable shall be equal to the retirement allowance said member would have received if retired for service on said date, based on the final compensation as defined in section 8.545 he would have received immediately prior to said date had he lived and rendered service as assumed, but such allowance shall not be less than fifty-five percent of such final compensation. If at the time of retirement because of disability, he is qualified as to age and service for retirement under section 8.546. he shall receive an allowance equal to the retirement allowance which he would receive if retired under section 8.546 but not less than fifty-five percent of said final compensation. Any member of the police department who becomes incapacitated for the performance of his duty, by reason of a cause not included under the provisions of the immediately preceding sentences, and who shall have completed at least ten years of service in the aggregate, computed as provided in section 8.554 shall be retired upon an allowance of one and one-half percent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.545, for each year of service provided that said allowance shall not be less than thirty-three and one-third percent of said final compensation ((.)) ; provided, however, that if such member has completed at least 25 years of service in the aggregate, computed as provided in section 8.554, but has not yet attained the age of 50 years, he shall receive an allowance equal to the retirement allowance he would have received if he had attained the age of 50 years and retired under section 8.546 as of the date of retirement for such incapacity. The question of retiring a member under this section may be brought before the retirement board on said board's own motion, by recommendation of the police commission, or by said member or his guardian. If his disability shall cease, his retirement allowance shall cease, and he shall be restored to the service in the rank he occupied at the time of his retirement. 8.549 Payment of Surviving Dependents

Upon the death of a member of the police department resulting from any cause, other than injury received in or illness caused by performance of duty, (a) if his death occurred after qualification for service retirement under sections 8.540, 8.543 or 8.546, or after retirement for service or because of disability which resulted from any cause other than an injury received in, or illness caused by the performance of duty, three-fourths of his retirement allowance to which he would have been entitled if he had retired for service at the time of his death or three-fourths of his retirement allowance as it was at his death, as the case may be, shall be continued throughout life or until remarriage, to his surviving wife or (b) if his death occurred after the completion of at least twenty-five years of service in the aggregate but prior to the attainment of the age of fifty years, three-fourths of the retirement allowance to which he would

have been entitled under section 8.546 if he had attained the age of 50 years on the date of his death shall be continued throughout life or until remarriage to his surviving wife, or (c) if his death occurred after retirement because of disability which resulted from injury received in, or illness caused by the performance of duty, his retirement allowance as it was at his death shall be continued throughout life or until remarriage, to his surviving wife, except that, if death occurred prior to qualification for service retirement allowance, the allowance continued shall be adjusted upon the date at which said member would have qualified for service retirement, in the same manner as it would have been adjusted had the member not died ((.)) or (d) if his death occurred after completion of at least ten years of service in the aggregate, computed as provided in section 8.554, an allowance in an amount equal to the retirement allowance to which the member would have been entitled pursuant to section 8.547 if he had retired on the date of death because of incapacity for performance of duty resulting from a cause other than bodily injury received in or illness caused by performance of duty shall be paid throughout life or until remarriage to his surviving wife. If there be no surviving wife entitled to an allowance hereunder, or if she die or remarry before every child of such deceased member attains the age of eighteen years, then the allowance which the surviving wife would have received had she lived and not remarried shall be paid to his child or children under said age, collectively, to continue until every such child dies or attains said age, provided that no child shall receive any allowance after marrying or attaining the age of eighteen years. Should said member leave no surviving wife and no children under the age of eighteen years but leave a child or children, regardless of age, dependent upon him for support because partially or totally disabled and unable to earn a **livelihood or** a parent or parents dependent upon him for support, the child or children and the parents so dependent shall collectively receive a monthly allowance equal to that which a surviving wife. otherwise would have received, during such dependency. No allowance, however, shall be paid under this section to a surviving wife unless she was married to the member prior to the date of the injury or the onset of the illness which results in death, if he had not retired, or unless she was married to the member at least one year prior to his ((retirement)) death.

As used in this section and section 8.548, "surviving wife" shall mean and include a surviving spouse, and shall also mean and include a spouse who has remarried since the death of the member but whose remarriage has been terminated by death, divorce or annulment within five years after the date of such remarriage and who has not thereafter again remarried.

The surviving wife, in the event of death of the member after qualification for but before service retirement, may elect before the first payment of the allowance, to receive the benefit provided in section 8.552 in lieu of the allowance which otherwise would be continued to her under this section. If there be no surviving wife, the guardian of the **eligible** child or children ((under age eighteen)) may make such election, and if there be no such children, the dependent parent or parents may make such election. Persons heretofore or hereafter retired under other charter sections as members of the police department at the time of retirement, shall be subject to the provisions of this section. With respect to members under secion 8.544, "Qualified for service retirement," "Qualification for service retirement" or "Qualified as to age and service retirement," as used in this section and other sections to which persons who are members under section 8.544 are subject, shall mean completion of twenty-five years of service and attainment of age fifty, said service to be computed under section 8.554.

The amendments of this section 8.549 contained in the proposition therefor submitted to the electorate on November 7, 1972, are hereby declared to be retroactive and shall be applicable to members who died after October 1, 1970.

8.570 Service Retirement

Any member of the fire department who completes at least twenty-five years of service in the aggregate and attains the age of fifty (50) years, said service to be computed under section 8.578, may retire for service at his option. Members shall be retired on the first day of the month next following the attainment by them of the age of sixty-five years. A member retired after meeting the service and age requirements in the two sentences next preceding, shall receive a retirement allowance equal to fifty-five per cent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.569, plus an allowance at the rate of three per cent of said final compensation, for each year of service rendered ((after qualifying as to age and service for retirement)) in excess of twenty-five years; provided, however, that such retirement allowance shall not exceed seventy per cent of said member's final compensation. A member retired after attaining the age of sixty-five years, but before completing twentyfive years of service in the aggregate computed under section 8.578, shall receive a retirement allowance which bears the same ratio to fifty per cent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.569, as the service with which he is entitled to be credited, bears to twenty-five years. If, at the ((rate)) date of retirement for service, or retirement for disability resulting from an injury received in performance of duty, said member has no wife, children or dependent parents, who would qualify for the continuance of the allowance after the death of said member, or with respect to the portion of the allowance which would not be continued regardless of dependents, or upon retirement for disability resulting from other causes, with respect to all of the allowance and regardless of dependents at retirement, a member retired under this section, or section 8.571, may elect before the first payment of the retirement allowance is made, to receive the actuarial equivalent of his allowance or the portion which would not be continued regardless of dependents, as the case may be, partly in a lesser allowance to be received by him throughout his life, and partly in other benefits payable after his death to another person or persons, provided that such election shall be subject to all the conditions prescribed by the board of supervisors to govern similar election by other members of the retirement system, including the character and amount of such other benefits.

#### 8.571 Retirement for Incapacity

Any member of the fire department who becomes incapacitated for the performance of his duty by reason of any bodily injury re-

ceived in, or illness caused by performance of his duty, shall be retired. If he is not qualified for service retirement, he shall receive a retirement allowance in an amount which shall be equal to the same percentage of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.569, as his percentage of disability is determined to be. The percentage of disability shall be as determined by the Workmen's Compensation Appeals Board of the State of California upon referral from the retirement board for that purpose; provided that the retirement board may, by five (5) affirmative votes, adjust the percentage of disability as determined by said Appeals Board; and provided, further, that such retirement allowance shall be in an amount not less than fifty per cent nor more than ninety per cent of the final compensation of said member, as defined in section 8.569. Said allowance shall be paid to him until the date upon which said member would have qualified for service retirement had he lived and rendered service without interruption in the rank held by him at retirement, and after said date the allowance payable shall be equal to the retirement allowance said member would have received if retired for service on said date based on the final compensation, as defined in section 8.569, he would have received immediately prior to said date, had he lived and rendered service as assumed, but such allowance shall not be less than fifty-five per cent of such final compensation.

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If at the time of retirement because of disability, he is qualified as to age and service for retirement under section 8.570, he shall receive an allowance equal to the retirement allowance which he would receive if retired under section 8.570, but not less than fifty-five per cent of said final compensation. Any member of the fire department who becomes incapacitated for performance of his duty, by reason of a cause not included under the provisions of the immediately preceding sentences, and who shall have completed at least ten years of service in the aggregate, computed as provided in section 8.578, shall be retired upon an allowance of one and one half per cent of the final compensation of said member as defined in section 8.569 for each year of service, provided that said allowance shall not be less than thirty three and one-third per cent of said final compensation ((.)); provided, however, that if such member has completed at least 25 years of service in the aggregate, computed as provided in section 8.578, but has not yet attained the age of 50 years, he shall receive an allowance equal to the retirement allowance he would have received if he had attained the age of 50 years and retired under section 8.570 as of the date of retirement for such incapacity. The question of retiring a member under this section may be brought before the retirement board on said board's own motion, by recommendation of the fire commission, or by said member or his guardian. If his disability shall cease, his retirement allowance shall cease, and he shall be restored to the service in the rank he occupied at the time of his retirement.

The amendments of this section 8.571 contained in the proposition therefor submitted to the electorate on November 7, 1972, are hereby declared to be retroactive and shall be applicable to members who retired after October 1, 1970.

8.573 Payments to Surviving Dependents

Upon the death of a member of the fire department resulting from any cause, other than an injury received in or illness caused by performance of duty, (a) if his death occurred after qualification for service retirement, under section 8,570, or after retirement for service or because of disability which resulted from any cause other than an injury received in, or illness caused by performance of duty, three-fourths of his retirement allowance to which the member would have been entitled if he had retired for service at the time of death or three-fourths of the retirement allowance as it was at his death, as the case may be, shall be continued throughout life or until marriage, to his surviving wife, or (b) if his death occurred after the completion of at least twenty-five years of service in the aggregate but prior to the attainment of the age of fifty years, three-fourths of the retirement allowance to which he would have been entitled under section 8,570 if he had attained the age of 50 years on the date of his death shall be continued throughout life or until remarriage to his surviving wife, or (c) if his death occurred after retirement for disability by reason of injury received in or illness caused by performance of duty, his retirement allowance as it was at his death shall be continued throughout life or until remarriage, to his surviving wife, except that, if death occurred prior to qualification for service retirement allowance, the allowance continued shall be adjusted upon the date of which said member would have qualified for service retirement, in the same manner as it would have been adjusted had the member not died, or (((c))) (d) if his death occurred after completion of at least ten years of service in the aggregate, computed as provided in section 8.578, an allowance in an amount equal to the retirement allowance to which the member would have been entitled pursuant to section 8.571 if he had retired on the date of death because of incapacity for performance of duty resulting from a cause other than bodily injury received in or illness caused by performance of duty shall be paid throughout life or until remarriage to his surviving wife. If there be no surviving wife entitled to an allowance hereunder, or if she die or remarry before every child of such deceased member attains the age of eighteen years, then the allowance which the surviving wife would have received had she lived and not remarried shall be paid to his child or children under said age, collectively, to continue until every such child dies or attains said age, provided that no child shall receive any allowance after marrying or attaining the age of eighteen years. Should said member leave no surviving wife and no children under age of eighteen years, but leave a child or children, regardless of age, dependent upon him for support because partially or totally disabled and unable to earn a livelihood or a parent or parents dependent upon him for support, the child or children and the parents so dependent shall collectively receive a monthly allowance equal to that which a surviving wife otherwise would have received, during such dependency. No allowance, however, shall be paid under this section to a surviving wife unless she was married to the member prior to the date of the injury or onset of the illness which results in death if he had not retired, or unless she was married to the member at least one year prior to his ((retirement)) death if he had retired.

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As used in this section and section 8.572, "surviving wife" shall mean and include a surviving spouse, and shall also mean and include a spouse who has remarried since the death of the member but whose remarriage has been terminated by death, divorce or annulment within five years after the date of such remarriage and who has not thereafter again remarried.

The surviving wife, in the event of death of the member after qualification for but before service retirement, may elect before the first payment of the allowance, to receive the benefit provided in section 8.576, in lieu of the allowance which otherwise would be continued to her under this section. If there be no surviving wife, the guardian of the eligible child or children ((under age eighteen)) may make such election, and if there be no such children, the dependent parent or parents may make such election. Persons heretofore retired under charter section 8.567, as members of the fire department at the time of retirement, shall be subject to the provisions of this section. "Qualified for service retirement," "Qualification for service retirement" or "Qualified as to age and service for retirement," as used in this section and other sections to which persons who are members under section 8.568 are subject, shall mean completion of twenty-five years of service and attainment of age fifty, said service to be computed under section 8.578.

The amendments of this section 8.573 contained in the proposition therefor submitted to the electorate on November 7, 1972, are hereby declared to be retroactive and shall be applicable to members who died after October 1, 1970. 1

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

# ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "N"

Vote Yes on Proposition "N"

Proposition "N" corrects serious inequities that now exist in the retirement provisions for some members of the Fire and Police Departments.

If a member of the Fire Department should die of a non-industrial injury or illness, after having attained the required 25 years of service but not yet having reached 50 years of age, his survivors would not receive the full allowance to which they should be entitled. The survivors of a policeman, dying under the same circumstances, would receive no allowance at all.

If a member of either department can no longer perform his duties, because of a non-industrial reason, and has as much as 28 years of service but is not yet age 50, he is forced to retire at some 22% less than that to which he should be entitled.

A dependent child, unable to earn a livelihood because of permanent disability, is not entitled to survivors benefits after his or her 18th birthday. Proposition "N" seeks to change this.

A widow who was not married to a member one year before his retirement is not entitled to any survivor's benefits even though she could be married to him for more than 20 years at the time of his death. Proposition "N" seeks to change this.

Some policemen and firemen have to work and pay into the retirement system 1 to 4 years longer than others to receive the same benefits. Proposition "N" seeks to change this.

Major cities, such as Los Angeles, New York, Chicago and Boston, have given the survivors of their policemen and firemen the benefits we are now asking for. The total yearly cost to each property owner is modest, less than the price of two packages of cigarettes.

Help the members of your emergency services give their survivors a small measure of security. A "Yes" Vote on Proposition "N" will do this.

Sponsored by:

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Leo Osuna, Chairman, San Francisco Police Officers Assn.

Leon Bruschera, Chairman, S. F. Fire Fighters Local 798

Endorsed by:

**Civil Service Association of San Francisco** 

S. F. Firemen's Hospital Fund.

Veteran Firemen's Assoc. of San Francisco, Inc. S. F. Federation of Teachers, Local 71, AFT, AFL-CIO

S. F. Building and Construction Trades Council

Donald M. Scott, Chief of Police

Rudy Tham, President, Fire Commission Morris Bernstein, Vice-President, Fire Commission Frank Hunt, Member, Fire Commission

Keith P. Calden, Chief, Fire Department

Senator Milton Marks

Assemblyman Leo T. McCarthy Assemblyman John F. Foran Assemblyman Willie L. Brown, Jr. Assemblyman John L. Burton

San Francisco Police Department

San Francisco Junior Chamber of Commerce

Downtown Association of San Francisco

San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO

John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO Hon. Joseph Alioto, Mayor

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Francois, Gonzales, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

## **ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk**

#### **CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "N"**

Amends Sections 8.546, 8.547, 8.549, 8.570, 8.571 and 8.573, relating to retirement and survivors' benefits of members of Police and Fire Departments.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, based on a report by the Retirement System, in my opinion, the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco would be increased by approximately \$305,489 annually. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated annual increase is equivalent to one and twenty-six hundredths (1.26) cents in the tax rate.

> NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

# **PROPOSITION O**

11.

Amends Sections 8.423 and 8.428: Provides for assumption by City and County, Unified School District and Community College District of greater portion of costs of Health Service System.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION O

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 8.423 and 8.428 thereof, relating to the Health Service System.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 8.423 and 8.428 thereof, so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** 

type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

### 8.423 **Revision of Schedules and Compensation**

In January of each year, ((or more often if it deems necessary,)) at a public ((hearings)) hearing, the health service board shall review and determine the adequacy of medical care provided for members of the system and the adequacy of fee schedules and the compensation paid for all services rendered and it may make such revisions therein as it deems equitable but such revisions shall not become effective until approved by ordinance of the board of supervisors adopted by three-fourths of its members.

Commencing in 1973, the health service board shall, prior to the second Monday in January in each year, conduct a survey of the ten counties in the State of California, other than the City and County of San Francisco, having the largest populations to determine the average contribution made by each such county toward the providing of health care plans, exclusive of dental or optical care, for each employee of such county. In accordance with said survey, the health service board shall determine the average contribution made with respect to each employee by said ten counties toward the health care plans provided for their employees and on or before the second Monday in January of each year, the health service board shall certify to the board of supervisors the amount of such average contribution. For the purposes of section 8.428, the amount of such average contribution shall be "the average contribution."

The health service board shall have the responsibility to obtain and disseminate information to its members with regard to plan benefits and costs thereof. All expenses in connection with obtaining and disseminating said information and the investment of such fund or funds as may be established, including travel and transportation costs, shall be borne by the system from reserves in the health service fund but only upon adoption of a resolution by the health service board approving such expenses.

### 8.428 Health Service System Fund

There is hereby created a health service system fund. The costs of the health service system shall be borne by the members of the system and retired persons, the City and County of San Francisco because of its members and retired persons and because of the members and retired persons of the Parking Authority of the City and County of San Francisco, ((and)) the San Francisco Unified School District because of its members and retired persons and the San Francisco Community College District because of its members and retired persons. A retired person as used in this ((paragraph)) section means a former member of the health service system retired under the San Francisco City and County Employees' Retirement System.

The city and county ((and)), the school district and the community college district shall each contribute to the health service fund amounts sufficient for the following purposes, and subject to the following limitations:

(a) All funds necessary to efficiently administer the health service system.

(b) ((Matching contributions for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1962, and each fiscal year thereafter, equal to the amounts contributed thereto by members of the system, provided, however, that the total amount contributed by the city and county and the school district to the health service system fund in each fiscal year, for this purpose, shall not exceed an amount equal to the tax yield that can be produced in each fiscal year by six cents in the tax rate on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) valuation of the real and tangible personal property assessed in and subject to taxation by the city and county and the school district.))

For the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1973, the city and county, the school district and the community college district shall contribute to the health service system fund with respect to each of their members an amount equal to one-half of "the average contribution," as certified by the health service board in accordance with the provisions of section 8.423. For the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1974, and each fiscal year thereafter, the city and county, the school district and the community college district shall contribute to the health service system fund with respect to each of their members an amount equal to "the average contribution," as certified by the health service board in accordance with the provisions of section 8.423.

(c) Monthly contributions required from retired ((members)) persons participating in the system shall be equal to the monthly contributions required from members in the system, except that the total contributions required from retired persons who are also covered under Medicare shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount contributed monthly by such persons to Medicare; provided, however, that for the fiscal year commencing July 1, ((1962)) 1973, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the city and county, ((and)) the school district and the community college district shall contribute funds sufficient to defray the difference in cost to the system in providing the same health coverage to retired ((members)) persons as is provided for active employee members ((thereof)).

(d) The city and county , ((and)) the San Francisco Unified School District and the San Francisco Community College District shall not contribute to the health service system fund any sums, except as hereinbefore set forth, on account of participation in the benefits of the system by members' dependents, retired persons' dependents, persons who retired and elected not to receive benefits from San Francisco City and County Employees' Retirement System and resigned employees and teachers defined in Section 8.425, and any employce whose compensation is fixed in accordance with sections 8.401, 8.403, or 8.404 of this charter and whose compensation therein includes an additional amount for health and welfare benefits or whose health service costs are reimbursed through any fund established for said purpose by ordinance of the board of supervisors.

It shall be the duty of the board of supervisors , ((and of)) the board of education and the governing board of the community college district annually to appropriate to the health service system fund such amounts as are necessary to cover the ((obligation)) respective obligations of the city and county , ((and of)) the San Francisco Unified School District and the San Francisco Community College District hereby imposed. Contributions to the health service system fund of the city and county , ((and)) of the school district and of the community college district shall be charged against the general fund or the school, utility, bond or other special fund concerned.

The amendments of this section contained in the proposition therefor submitted to the electorate on November 7, 1972, shall be effective July 1, 1973.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

## ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

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## ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION O Vote Yes on Proposition "O"

Proposition "O" is designed to correct a serious defect in the City Employees' Health Service System. In 1957 the voters approved a charter amendment authorizing the city and county and the unified school district to pay one-half of an employee's monthly health service premium. Unfortunately, due to a restriction limiting the total amount payable by the city and county and the school district, the one-half payment has never been realized.

Current surveys show that San Francisco ranks last among all the 58 counties in the State of California for the payment of health service costs for a member. Whereas, San Francisco pays only \$5.00 per month toward their employees' health plan costs, other counties, such as Los Angeles, Alameda, San Mateo, Santa Clara and San Diego, pay an average of \$20.60 a month toward their employees' health plan costs.

Proposition "O" would alleviate this long-standing inequity by establishing a sensible, fair rate of contribution by the city and county, the unified school district, and the community college district. Beginning July 1, 1973, these agencies would pay one-half of a member's health service costs based on the average contribution of the ten (10) most populous counties in the State of California. Beginning July 1, 1974, these agencies will pay the full amount of a member's health service costs, but limited, again, to the average contribution of the ten (10) most populous counties.

Each year the Health Service Board will survey the State's ten (10) most populous counties and will report the average member contribution to the Board of Supervisors. This average contribution will determine the amount payable by the city and county and the school districts to each member's health plan costs.

The advantage and equity of this system is self-evident in that. for the first time, the rates of contribution will be comparable to other public jurisdictions throughout the State.

Proposition "O" also contains the following restrictions and safeguards: (1) The city and county's contribution will be limited to the member only; dependents are excluded; (2) employees covered by health and welfare provisions of collective bargaining agreements or by special trust funds for this purpose, are also excluded from this amendment; and (3) resigned employees who withdraw their contributions to the Retirement System are also excluded from this amendment. These exclusions will save the city and county considerable sums of money.

Moreover, it is the intention of the members of the Board of Supervisors who voted to submit this charter amendment to the voters to consider health care costs in conjunction with the salary standardization process, so that when city employees are surveyed for salary increases, their increased compensation (from the City's contribution to their health care cost) will be considered as a part of their total compensation.

Proposition. "O" is fair and reasonable, designed to erase a serious inequity and restore health plan contributions on a basis comparable to other major public jurisdictions in the State of California.

Vote Yes on Proposition "O".

Endorsed by:

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**Civil Service Association of San Francisco** Municipal Improvement League consisting of: Automotive Machinists Lodge No. 1305 Civil Service Bldg. Maint. Union Local 66A **Civil Service Per Diem Men's Assoc. of San Francisco** Hospital and Institutional Workers' Union Local 250 Machinists Lodge No. 68 American Federation of Technical Engineers Local 21 Retired Employees of the City & County of San Francisco S. F. City & County Employees Union Local 400 S. F. Classroom Teachers Association S. F. Federation of Teachers Local 61 S. F. Fire Fighters Local 798 S. F. Police Officers' Association

S. F. Veteran Police Officers Association, Inc.

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Staff Council Bureau of Public Health Nursing San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO John F. Crowley, Secretary-Treasurer, San Francisco Labor Council, AFL-CIO **Greater San Francisco Chamber of Commerce** Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen. **ROBERT J. DOLAN. Clerk** 

### **CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "O"**

Amends Sections 8.423 and 8.428: Provides for assumption by City and County, Unified School District and Community College District of greater portion of costs of Health Service System. Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, based on a report by the Health Service System, in my opinion, using rates recommended for 1973-1974, it is estimated that the increase in the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco and the equivalent increase in the tax rate, based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, would be approximately as follows:

	•	Non-tax Supported	Tax Supported	Increase in
Years	Costs	Ĉosts	Costs	Tax Rate
1973-1974	\$1,541,422	\$131,175	\$1,410,247	5.83¢
1974-1975	4,206,009	357,931	3,848,078	15.92¢

After 1974-1975 costs may escalate dependent upon increase in health benefits and costs as deemed equitable and adopted by threefourths of the members of the Board of Supervisors. NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller

City and County of San Francisco

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# **PROPOSITION P**

Adds Section 7.105: Specifies minimum wages and maximum work hours for persons performing work under City and County printing contracts; empowers Board of Supervisors to grant 10% price preference to local bidders on such contracts.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT **PROPOSITION P**

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Section 7.105 thereto, relating to contractors' working conditions on printing contracts.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Section 7.105 thereto, reading as follows:

7.105 Contractors' Working Conditions-Printing Contracts

Every contract for printing supplies or printed products to be performed at the expense of the City and County, or paid out of the money deposited in the treasury, whether such work is to be done directly under contract awarded, or indirectly by or under subcontract, sub-partnership, day labor, station work, piece work, or any other arrangement whatsoever, must provide: (1) That in the performance of the contract and all work thereunder, eight hours shall be the maximum hours of labor on any calendar day; (2) that any person performing labor thereunder shall be paid not less than the highest general prevailing rate of wages in private employment for similar work in the area where the work is to be performed.

The board of supervisors shall have full power and authority to enact all necessary ordinances to carry out the terms of this section and may by ordinance provide that on any contract for printing supplies or printing, or for the purchase of materials to be utilized in the printing process, a preference in price not to exceed ten per cent shall be allowed in favor of such materials as are to be manufactured, fabricated or assembled within the City and County of San Francisco as against similar materials which may be manufactured, fabricated or assembled outside thereof. When any such materials are to be fabricated, assembled or manufactured by any sub-contractor or materialman for the purpose of supplying the same to any contractor bidding on or performing any contract for any printing supplies or printing, said sub-contractor or materialman manufacturing, fabricating, assembling or furnishing said materials manufactured, assembled or fabricated within the City and County of San Francisco shall be entitled to the same preferential as would any original contractor or materialman furnishing the same if the board of supervisors by ordinance so provide. When any ordinance shall so provide any officer, board or commission letting any contract may in determining the lowest responsible bidder for the doing or performing of any printing or supplying of printing supplies add to said bid or sub-bid an amount sufficient not exceeding ten per cent in order to give preference to materials manufactured, fabricated or assembled within the City and County of San Francisco.

All ordinances enacted and actions taken pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be subject to applicable provisions of Federal law with relation to materials manufactured, fabricated or assembled outside the United States.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Francois, Gonzales, Mendelsohn, Pelosi, Tamaras.

Noes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Feinstein, Kopp, Molinari, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk

# **ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION "P"**

What Does Proposition "P" Purport to Do? Proposition "P" would add provisions to the Charter which would, in supposedly a constructive way, impose certain working conditions and pricing preferences in connection with City and County contracts for printing supplies or printed products. It misses its objectives by a wide margin because it is detrimental to the general economy of San Francisco and is contrary to the City and County's objective of minimizing the cost of government by getting the most for each and every taxpayer's dollar spent.

### **Arguments Against Proposition "P"**

The proposed requirement that the contractor pay not less than the highest general prevailing wages in private employment or similar work is administratively unenforceable. The City and County Purchasing Department would have no resources, facilities or manpower to determine whether a contractor has complied with the provision. Furthermore, any attempt at enforcement would further complicate and delay the bid awarding process.

If this Proposition becomes law, other business groups will request like consideration.

If this measure becomes law, there is every reason to believe that retaliatory measures by other governmental jurisdictions in this area will be enacted and will result in a substantial loss to San Francisco's economy.

There is no need for a new Charter section. A much more effective and workable policy is currently followed by the City and County Purchasing Department in this way:

(1) Bids identical in all respects are awarded to the San Francisco bidder.

(2) Bids are not sought from out-of-town firms for commodities or services when suitable competition is available locally.

(3) When the City and County's needs require a local stock of the needed articles, competition is limited to San Francisco firms.

(4) San Francisco firms are already awarded more than 70% of the City and County's purchase orders, and many of the remaining orders, placed outside San Francisco, are for items not locally available or purchased directly from the manufacturer.

### Vote "No" on Proposition "P"

The statistical, practical and economical considerations attached to Proposition "P" are overwhelmingly negative as they affect the best interests of San Francisco. The Proposition is definitely and substantially harmful to the best interests of local people generally and the best use of City and County tax funds.

Proposition "P" deserves a sound defeat if we are to preserve lower City and County costs, better returns for City and County tax monies, and bolstering of the general economy of the City and County.

# Vote "No" on Proposition "P"

John J. Barbagelata Quentin L. Kopp Dorothy von Beroldingen John L. Molinari 

#### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "P"

Adds Section 7.105: Specifies minimum wages and maximum work hours for persons performing work under City and County printing contracts; empowers Board of Supervisors to grant 10% price preference to local bidders on such contracts.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, based on printing bills paid during the fiscal year 1971-1972, it is estimated that the maximum annual increase in the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco would be approximately \$7,400. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated annual increase is equivalent to three hundredths (0.03) of one cent in the tax rate.

> NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

# **PROPOSITION Q**

Amends Sections 3.530, 3.540 and 3.660: Increases membership of Police, Fire and Civil Service Commissions from three to five, respectively.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION Q

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 3.530, 3.540 and 3.660 relating to membership on the Police Commission, Fire Commission and Civil Service Commission.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by amending Sections 3,530, 3,540 and 3,660 thereof, so that the same shall read as follows:

NOTE: Additions or substitutions are indicated by **bold-face** type; deletions are indicated by ((double parentheses)).

### **Part Four: Police Department**

#### 3.530 Composition of Department; Commission

The police department shall consist of a police commission, a chief of police, a police force and such clerks and employees as shall be necessary and appointed pursuant to the provisions of this charter, and shall be under the management of a police commission consisting of ((three)) five members, who shall be appointed by the mayor, and each of whom shall receive an annual compensation of twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200). The term of each commissioner shall be four years . ((, commencing at twelve o'clock, noon, on the 15th day of January in the years 1945, 1946 and 1948, respectively.)) The incumbents serving as members of the commission on the effective date of this amendment, increasing the membership of the commission, shall continue to hold their respective positions subject to the provisions of the charter, for the remainder of the terms for which they have been respectively appointed; the respective terms of the members added to the commission pursuant to the provisions of this amendment shall commence at twelve o'clock noon on the 1st day of July, 1973.

The police commissioners shall be the successors in office of the police commissioners holding office in the city and county on January 3, 1972, and shall have all the powers and duties thereof, except as otherwise in this charter provided. They shall have the power and duty to organize, reorganize and manage the police department. They shall by rule and subject to the fiscal provisions of the charter, have power to create new or additional ranks or positions in the department which shall be subject to the civil service provisions of the charter; provided that the police commission subject to the recommendation of the civil service commission and the approval of the board of supervisors may declare such new or additional ranks or positions to be exempt from the civil service provisions of the charter. If the civil service commission disapproves any such exemptions, the board of supervisors may approve such exemptions by a majority vote of the members thereof. The police commission may in their discretion designate the rank or ranks from which appointments to such exempt ranks or positions shall be made. Appointments to any non-civil service rank or position above the rank of captain as may be created hereunder shall be designated only from the civil service rank of captain. If any new or additional rank or position is created pursuant hereto pending the adoption of salary standards for such rank or position, the police commission shall have power to recommend the basic rate of compensation therefor to the board of supervisors and said board of supervisors shall have the power to fix the rate of compensation for said new rank or position and it shall have the power, and it shall be its duty, without reference or amendment to the annual budget, to amend the annual appropriation ordinance and the annual salary ordinance to include the provisions necessary for paying the basic rate of compensation fixed by said board of supervisors for said new rank or position for the then current fiscal year. Thereafter the compensation for said new rank or position shall be fixed as provided for in section 8.405 of this charter; provided, however, nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to interfere with the provisions of section 8.405 of this charter relating to parity or compensation for police officers and firemen for the fourth year of service and thereafter. The police commission shall also have power to establish and from time to time change the order or rank of the non-civil service ranks in the police department.

All positions in the police department legally authorized shall be continued, and incumbents therein legally appointed thereto shall be continued as officers and employees of the department under the conditions governing their respective appointments and except as otherwise provided in this charter. 時間の時間の時間にはないためというからいというのである。

((The effective date of this section as amended herein shall be July 1, 1972.))

3.540 Commission

The fire department shall be under the management of a fire commission, consisting of ((three)) five members, who shall be appointed by the mayor, and each of whom shall receive an annual compensation of twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200). The term of each commissioner shall be four years . ((, commencing at twelve o'clock noon on the 15th day of January in the years of 1948, 1949 and 1950, respectively.)) The incumbents serving as members of the commission on the effective date of this amendment shall continue to hold their respective offices subject to the provisions of the charter, for the remainder of the terms for which they have been respectively appointed; the respective terms of the members added to the commission pursuant to the provisions of this amendment shall commence at twelve o'clock noon on the 1st day of July, 1973.

The fire commissioners shall be successors in office of the fire commissioners holding office in the city and county at the time this charter shall go into effect, and shall have all the powers and duties thereof, except as in this charter otherwise provided. The commissioners shall have power, upon recommendation of the chief of department, to send fire boats, apparatus and men outside the City and County of San Francisco for fire-fighting purposes.

Positions of officers and employees of the fire department legally authorized shall continue, and the incumbents therein legally appointed thereto shall continue as the officers and employees of the department under the conditions governing their respective appointments, and except as in this charter otherwise provided.

### Part Seventeen: Civil Service Commission

#### 3.660 Commission; Composition; Meetings

There is hereby established a civil service commission which is charged with the duty of providing qualified persons for appointment to the service of the city and county.

The civil service commission shall consist of ((three)) five members, appointed by the mayor. The commissioners in office at the time ((of the adoption of this charter, and this charter section as amended,)) this amendment shall become effective shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for which they were appointed, and their successors shall be appointed for terms of six years beginning on the 1st day of July immediately following the expiration of the terms of appointment of the two additional members, whose offices are created by this amendment, shall expire on June 30, 1974, and their successors shall be appointed for terms of six years beginning on the 1st day of July immediately following.

The persons so appointed shall, before taking office, make under oath and file in the office of the county clerk the following declaration: "I am opposed to appointments to the public service as a reward for political activity and will execute the office of civil service commissioner in the spirit of this declaration."

A commissioner may be removed only upon charges preferred, in the same manner as in this charter provided for elective officers. Each of the commissioners shall receive a monthly salary of one hundred dollars (\$100). Special meetings of the commission for the purpose of considering and adopting examination questions shall not be open to the public. The regular meetings of the civil service commission shall be open to the public and held at such a time as will give the general public and employees of the city and county adequate time within which to appear before the commission after the regular daily working hours of 8 A.M. to 5 P.M. Such person or persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard by the commission before final action is taken in any case involving such person or persons.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Pelosi.

Noes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Molinari, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

#### ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "Q"

Proposition "Q" is one of the most progressive steps taken in recent years to make City government more responsive to the needs and interests of San Francisco's citizens. If approved, Proposition "Q" would amend the City Charter to expand the respective memberships of the Police Commission, the Fire Commission and Civil Service Commission from three members to five.

#### Yes on "Q"

In recent years, the workload of these commissions, as well as the operations of the departments which they oversee, have increased enormously. These commissions need more members to share the increased workload. These three are the only City commissions which do not have at least five members and at times their work is severely hampered by the unavoidable absence of one commissioner. Five member commissions will mean that individual members can assume a more intensive investigatory role in monitoring the functions of various departments and will have more time to develop an understanding of management-employee problems.

#### Yes on "Q"

Proposition "Q" would permit the formation of commission subcommittees to conduct in-depth studies of important issues relating to our City. In the case of the Civil Service Commission, committees could be formed to study salary structure, classification standards and specific employee concerns. With an expanded membership, all three commissions would be able to provide more assistance to the various City departments, to City employees and to the public.

### Yes on "Q"

Proposition "Q" means better service, better representation and more efficient operation in the critical areas of civil service and police and fire protection.

# Vote Yes on Proposition "Q"

Endorsed by: San Francisco County Coordinating Republican Assembly Harvey H. Hukari

#### Yerba Buena Democratic Club Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

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I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Kopp, Mendelsohn, Pelosi.

Noes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Molinari, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

# **ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk**

#### ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION "Q" VOTE NO ON PROPOSITION "Q" Vote No on Proposition "Q"

Similar Charter amendments have been decisively defeated by the electorate on two previous elections. Voters are not in favor of Commission-packing schemes such as this. Vote "NO" on this proposition and once and for all end such attempts to interfere with the efficient administration of the Police Department.

#### Vote No on Proposition "Q"

The Charter calls for three members on the Police Commission because this is the most efficient number to deal swiftly and justly with police problems. Five members makes fast action difficult, if not impossible. Adding more members could be serious. The Police Commission is involved frequently in major emergencies requiring speedy action for the protection of the public.

# Vote No on Proposition "Q"

Let's not play politics with public safety. Increasing the size of the Police Commission simply to allow for more members without increasing police efficiency doesn't make sense.

# Vote No on Proposition "Q"

Police Commissioners, past and present, agree they can handle police problems on a three-man basis. They don't need another two members to complicate meetings, cause delays in the arrival of solutions to important police problems, many of which are emergencies, and add to taxpayers' expense.

# Vote No on Proposition "Q"

Commissioner Washington E. Garner Commissioner Richard K. Miller Former Commissioner Samuel A. Ladar

# ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION "Q" What Will Be the Effect of Proposition "Q"?

Proposition "Q" will permit the Mayor to appoint five members rather than three members to the Police Commission, the Fire Commission and the Civil Service Commission. In enlarging such memberships, the Charter amendment will not only authorize additional political, non-elective appointments to important commissions, not directly responsive to the people of San Francisco, but may proportionately reduce the representation of minorities on those commissions.

Proposition "Q" Will Not Expedite Commission Work

Proponents of Proposition "Q" represent to the voters that more members will share the commissions' workload and that the commissions' work is now severely hampered by unavoidable absence of one out of the three commissioners. The fact is that the workload of the commissions is a constant factor, regardless of whether three or five commissioners make the necessary decisions. Even in the absence of one commissioner, the legal quorum of two commissioners may discharge any and all functions of the commission, properly and expeditiously. To create five-member commissions will mean that three rather than two commissioners must be on hand to constitute a legal quorum, and it is readily apparent that two can be available with greater regularity than three.

It is represented that five members can assume a more intensive investigatory role in monitoring their related departmental functions, and will have more time to develop an understanding of management-employee problems, but no details of the representation have been made public, making it highly suspect because of its ambiguity and irrelevance.

Commission Subcommittees May Not Serve the Public Interest

Proponents of Proposition "Q" state that expanded membership will permit formation of commission subcommittees to conduct indepth studies of important issues relating to the City. The public interest will suffer a disservice if less than the full membership of commissions are exposed to pro and con arguments on important issues and thereafter can vote in a fully informed manner on them. To permit subcommittees of commissions to conduct in-depth studies of important issues, to the exclusion of other commission members, is to deprive San Franciscans of the obvious benefits of having each commission member fully informed on each important issue which he is called upon to decide.

To declare that an expanded membership would be able to provide more assistance to City departments, City employees and the public is a high-sounding but empty phrase which the proponents have failed to detail.

# Vote "No" on Proposition "Q".

Proposition "Q" will weaken the ability of the three commissions to make fully informed decisions in the public interest by dispersing the authority of the existing commission memberships. It will afford greater invitation to politically-inspired designation of commission members. Where an ethnic minority now has one out of three memberships on any particular commission, it may have one out of five under Proposition "Q" and thus suffer a proportionate reduction of influence.

No good and sufficient reason for expansion of the three commission memberships has been advanced. On the other hand, the good government which has benefited San Francisco under the three-member commissions since 1932 when the current Charter went into effect is ample reason for their preservation.

Vote "No" on Proposition "Q".

John L. Molinari Dorothy von Beroldingen Peter Tamaras John J. Barbagelata

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#### CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "Q"

Amends Sections 3.530, 3.540 and 3.660: Increases membership of Police, Fire and Civil Service Commissions from three to five, respectively.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco would be increased by approximately \$7,200 annually. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated annual increase is equivalent to three hundredths (0.03) of one cent in the tax rate.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller City and County of San Francisco

# **PROPOSITION R**

Adds Section 8.558: Increases to \$350.00 per month retirement allowances payable to or on account of certain members of the Police Department.

# CHARTER AMENDMENT PROPOSITION R

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Section 8.558 to increase to the sum of \$350.00 per month the allowances payable to or on account of certain members of the Retirement System under the provisions of Sections 8.543 and 8.544 of the Charter.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby submits to the qualified electors of said city and county at an election to be held therein on November 7, 1972, a proposal to amend the Charter of said city and county by adding Section 8.558 thereto, to read as follows:

8.558 Increasing Allowances Payable to or on Account of Certain Members of the Police Department.

(a) Every retirement allowance and continuation of allowance payable to or on account of a person retired under section 8.543 (formerly section 168 of the Charter of 1932) or section 8.544 (formerly section 168.1 of the Charter of 1932) for service or because of disability which resulted from injury received in, or illness caused by the performance of duty which on the effective date of this section is in an amount less than \$350.00 per month is hereby increased to the sum of \$350.00 per month for time commencing January 1, 1973.

(b) Every death allowance payable on account of a person who died while a member under said section 8.543 or said section 8.544 as the result of injury received in, or illness caused by the performance of duty which on the effective date of this section is in an amount less than \$350.00 per month is hereby increased to the sum of \$350.00 per month for time commencing January 1, 1973. (c) Upon the death on or after January 1, 1973, of a person retired under said section 8.543 or said section 8.544 for service or because of disability which resulted from injury received in, or illness caused by the performance of duty, any death allowance or continuation of allowance payable on account of such person which would otherwise be in an amount less than \$350.00 per month shall be increased to the sum of \$350.00 per month for time after date of death of such person.

Any adjustment in such allowances made pursuant to section 8.526 of this charter for time after December 31, 1972, shall be based upon the amount of such allowances as increased pursuant to this section.

This section does not and shall not give any retired person or beneficiary under the Retirement System, or his successors in interest, any claim against the city and county for any increase in any allowance paid or payable for time prior to January 1, 1973.

The amount of any allowance payable to or on account of any person who retired under said section 8.543 or said section 8.544 because of disability which resulted from any cause other than an injury received in, or illness caused by the performance of duty is not and shall not be increased by virtue of the provisions of this section.

Ordered submitted: Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, Sep. 5, 1972.

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Feinstein, Francois, Gonzales, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi.

Noes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Kopp, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter amendment was ordered submitted by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

#### ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk ARGUMENT FOR PROPOSITION "R" Vote Yes for Proposition "R"

Correct an injustice to a small group of aged employees.

Proposition "R" will give a little relief in today's inflated economy to some dedicated retired City employees who are trying desperately to make ends meet in their few remaining years.

#### Below Poverty Level Allowances

The average retirement pay of these senior citizens today is as low as \$109.00 per month.

# Proposition "R" Will Make It \$350 per Month

These elderly retired City employees do not have Social Security coverage, or Medicare (available to other City employees), and are dependent upon their meager City retirement allowance.

#### A Temporary Aid—8-Year Life Expectancy

The average age of this group is 75 years. Their average life expectancy is 8 years.

When these members and their eligible beneficiaries die, this small added income benefit will terminate, along with their present inadequate retirement allowance.

# What Will Proposition "R" Do?

It will raise the brutally inadequate retirement allowance of this small group of elderly people who have retired from San Francisco public service.

# They average over 25 years of service to the City taxpayers.

### Give Them a Break

Survival today on low fixed pensions, based upon a service period when incomes were low, is an unbearable hardship for many of these former civil servants.

Compare their pitifully small retirement allowances with even State Old Age Assistance in which a single recipient can receive \$206 per month.

Right this injustice to these elderly City employees and their widows.

Give them deserved and urgently needed help to meet food and shelter costs.

#### Vote Yes for Proposition "R"

Endorsed by:

Michael D. Barling San Francisco Veteran Police Officers Assoc., Inc. San Francisco Police Officers Association Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor

I hereby certify that the Board of Supervisors endorsed the foregoing argument and authorized its inclusion in the ballot pamphlet for the November 7, 1972, election by the following vote:

Ayes: Supervisors Boas, Feinstein, Gonzales, Mendelsohn, Molinari, Pelosi, Tamaras, von Beroldingen.

Noes: Supervisors Barbagelata, Kopp.

#### **ROBERT J. DOLAN, Clerk**

### ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION "R" What Will Proposition "R" Do?

Proposition "R" would amend the City and County Retirement System to afford highly preferential treatment to a select group of policemen and beneficiaries of policemen. Not only will the Proposition give a decided preference to this group of approximately 450 retired policemen and beneficiaries of policemen, to the exclusion of other members of the Police Department and their potential beneficiaries, but it will substantially increase the costs of providing benefits through the Retirement System, and place an even greater burden on the San Francisco taxpayer.

Arguments Against Proposition "R"

The proponents of the Proposition have not offered any satisfactory explanation of why a group of retired, present and potential beneficiaries of the Retirement System, ought to be accorded preferential treatment as compared with other policemen insofar as retirement based on contributions is concerned. A relatively short time ago, when the voters approved a wholesale revision of Police Department retirement benefits, greatly enhancing the retirement protection afforded all members of the Police Department, no such preferences were proposed or approved; rather, all members and retired members were treated similarly. However, this latest attempt to gain additional advantage is proposed, with the probability that if it is successful, other groups within the department will seek similar preferences. The potential for divisive and morale-destructive movements within the Police Department is obvious.

The heavy impact of Proposition "R" on the taxpayer is equally obvious. By extending this preferential treatment to a select group within the Department, the Retirement System's Actuary reports that the increase in the City and County's annual contributions will be \$483,436, or 2.07 cents in the annual tax rate. To add such an amount each year to the property tax bill is exorbitant, particu-larly in view of the recently liberalized police pensions. **Vote "No" on Proposition "R**"

To guarantee uniformity of treatment within the Police Department's retirement system, and to prevent unwarranted additions to the tax rate, a "No" vote on Proposition "R" is urgently necessary. **Vote "No" on Proposition "R"** 

John J. Barbagelata Quentin L. Kopp Dorothy von Beroldingen Peter Tamaras

#### **CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CHARTER SECTION 9.112 PROPOSITION "R"**

Adds Section 8.558: Increases to \$350.00 per month retirement allowances payable to or on account of certain members of the Police Department.

Should the proposed charter amendment be adopted, in my opinion, based on a report by the Retirement System, the cost of government of the City and County of San Francisco would be increased by approximately \$483,436 annually. Based on the 1972-1973 assessment roll, this estimated annual increase is equivalent to two (2.00) cents in the tax rate.

NATHAN B. COOPER, Controller **City and County of San Francisco** 

# **DECLARATION OF POLICY**

(Vote Yes or No on this Declaration of Policy)

# Should the Board of Supervisors be full-time and paid a full-time salary?

#### **ARGUMENT FOR FULL-TIME BOARD** Argument on Behalf of Changing the Board of Supervisors to a **Full-Time Position**

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco is unlike that of any other county in California. This Board is both the City Council of the City as well as the Board of Supervisors of the County. Since 1932, the Supervisors' work has grown tremendously in volume and complexity. The social, economic and other demanding pressures of City government today require infinitely more time and intensified study than is possible to obtain from the heretofore traditional, part-time citizen-legislator. Members of the Board of Supervisors serve on three to four com-

mittees of the Board as well as a myriad of extra governmental bodies such as ABAG, BCDC, Bay Area Sewage Services Agency, County Supervisors Association, League of California Cities, etc. Unfortunately, and in a sense unfairly, San Francisco has been widely criticized by the poor attendance records of its Supervisors

at meetings of regional boards whose deliberations have a vital and direct impact upon the well-being of the City. It is simply impossible within the existing time frame of Supervisors' schedules to devote even a minimal number of hours to such attendance when the meetings and deliberations of the Board and its committees demand practically all of the working hours available to Supervisors.

The public's first exposure with a public official is on a local level and Board members must respond promptly both in writing to hundreds of weekly communications and in person, by attending meetings in the neighborhoods several times a week. The Board of Supervisors is often the public's strongest ally in the cutting of bureaucratic red tape. In this capacity, we take on an "ombudsman" role as well as that of a legislator.

The time has come for the Board of Supervisors to become fulltime in nature and paid a salary commensurate with full-time service. Currently, the Board is paid an annual salary of \$9600. Take-home pay is approximately \$600 a month. Because of the parttime salary, members of the Board must also earn additional monies and this often presents severe time conflicts. Members are unable to do both and maintain a perfect record of attendance at all official functions.

The proposal to constitute Supervisors as full-time officials has been seriously considered for a number of years and has been the subject of editorial comment from time to time in the local press. One such comment was: "Until some future day when the work of the Supervisors reaches a volume much greater than now handled, we favor keeping them as part-time citizen-legislators." That day has now arrived beyond any reasonable doubt. The tenor of the times and the rapidly changing and developing local scene demand a full-time Board to serve the full-time requirements of the people of San Francisco.

The public can better be served by a full-time Board of Supervisors paid a salary commensurate with other full-time Boards of Supervisors in the State of California. If the public feels that the time has come to make the Board of Supervisors a full-time position full public hearings will be held by the appropriate committee of the Board of Supervisors to determine a salary which is moderate but will allow full-time attendance to city duties. A charter amendment will then be submitted to the voters at the next election.

We urge an "aye" vote for a full-time, fully paid Board of Supervisors. The people of San Francisco will be better served by such a Board.

Dorothy von Beroldingen Terry A. Francois Robert E. Gonzales

Dianne Feinstein Robert H. Mendelsohn

#### ARGUMENT AGAINST DECLARATION OF POLICY ON FULL-TIME SUPERVISORS

Full-time Supervisors will needlessly increase bureaucracy.

The San Francisco Board of Supervisors, under our charter form of government, was meant to be, and has functioned well as, a parttime, citizen-legislator body with a minimum staff and an economical organization which has avoided the inordinate expense and unnecessary accoutrements of governmental bureaucracy.

The concept of full-time Supervisors should be soundly rejected. The Board of Supervisors was designed by the framers of our Charter to set policy for the City and County of San Francisco, to pass necessary legislation, and to review and adopt a budget which the Mayor proposes and which they can reduce but not increase.

Even as part-time legislators, the activities of the Supervisors have increased in the past few years to the extent that they need one or more full-time assistants. If they were to become full-time and spend all of their working hours on City business, an expanded bureaucracy would necessary follow. In the County of Los Angeles, for example, full-time Supervisors receive \$35,000 per year compensation, are all provided with an individual automobile at taxpayers' expense, and have a staff of at least seven aides and secretaries.

Because of such full-time status, it has been 20 years since an incumbent Supervisor has been defeated in the County of Los Angeles. The only way in which new Supervisors have been elected to the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors in such period is by the death or retirement of an incumbent. The Los Angeles experience is illuminating. What the establishment of full-time Supervisors would do in San Francisco would be to entrench indefinitely in office an incumbent Supervisor. The ability of the people to change their Supervisors would effectively be thwarted, and the feeling of San Franciscans that they can change the direction of their only legislative body would be irrevocably frustrated.

Keep the citizen-legislator nature of our Board of Supervisors. It has often been said that one of the values of our Board of Supervisors made up of part-time, citizen-legislators is that it insures awareness of the needs of all San Franciscans and the practicalities of the public interest. Full-time Supervisors, with their aides and offices in City Hall, would become insulated from the everyday vocational and economic life of our City. Rather than being privy to a well-rounded spectrum of career and governmental activities, full-time Board members would be motivated primarily by the somewhat narrow world of city bureaucracy and by insuring retention in office.

Just a few years ago, the voters of California were induced to amend the State Constitution to provide State legislators, in effect, with full-time status by increasing salaries and expense allowances to approximately \$30,000 per year. The argument then was that it would assure more effective, efficient legislation on a State level. To the contrary, what has happened is longer legislative sessions in Sacramento, with immensely greater expenditure of taxpayers' moneys and a legislative performance which is no better than when State legislators were part-time. It has been called in many quarters a deterioration in the legislative process.

# Prevent a Return to "Bossism."

Here is an excerpt from the report of the freeholders who drafted our Charter, an instrument which has provided good government for San Francisco for more than 40 years: "Administrative functions belonging to the Board (of Supervisors) and assumed by the Board from time to time created most of the difficulty (under the old Charter). Supervisors have been subjected to the pulling or hauling of delegations interested in problems which should have been discharged in the interest of the whole City by an administrative official. This consumed the time of the Supervisors and detracted from the attention which should have been accorded to legislation necessary in the interest of the whole City."

To create a full-time, highly compensated Board of Supervisors will have the effect of encouraging Supervisors to return to a discredited system whereby they become involved in purchasing contracts, permit issuance, street repair contracts, street lighting contracts and other purely administrative matters, as well as removing Supervisors from the realities of day-to-day life outside of City Hall. It will also have the effect of helping such Supervisors to perpetuate themselves in office indefinitely and make them, as a practical matter, impervious to election challenges from public minded non-incumbents. In other words, full-time Supervisors may very well herald a return to "bossism" and the highly undesirable features of such a system. Vote "No" on this unhealthy proposition.

John Barbagelata Quentin L. Kopp John L. Molinari Peter Tamaras

# DECLARATION OF POLICY Vote for one of the following choices:

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On this Declaration of Policy you may vote for only one of the five choices.

1. The Board of Supervisors should remain at <u>eleven</u> members, elected at large.

# 2. The Board of Supervisors should remain at <u>eleven</u> members, six elected at large and five by districts.

#### **ARGUMENT FOR DECLARATION OF POLICY NO. 2**

The San Francisco Labor Council and the League of Women Voters of San Francisco urge a Yes vote on Choice No. 2, wherein the Board of Supervisors should remain at eleven members—six elected At-Large and five by District. It would provide: 1) better and broader representation; 2) candidates more accountable to the voters on pertinent issues; 3) partial reduction of campaign costs; 4) retention of at-large supervisors whose overall responsibility would be city-wide; 5) less probability of vote trading and wardtype politics.

Vote Yes on Choice No. 2!

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL by John F. Crowley, Secretary LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF SAN FRANCISCO by Kathryn S. Blalock, President

- 3. The Board of Supervisors should remain at <u>eleven</u> members, elected <u>by district</u>.
- 4. The Board of Supervisors should remain at <u>eleven</u> members, elected <u>at large</u> by numbered seats.
- 5. The Board of Supervisors should be reduced to <u>nine</u> members, <u>four elected at large</u> and <u>five by</u> district.

THE RECORDER PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY

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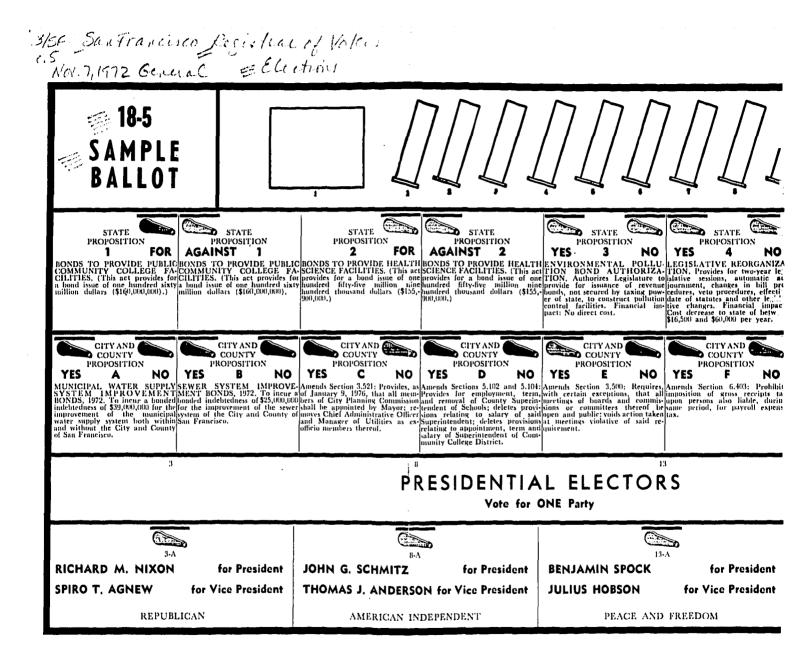
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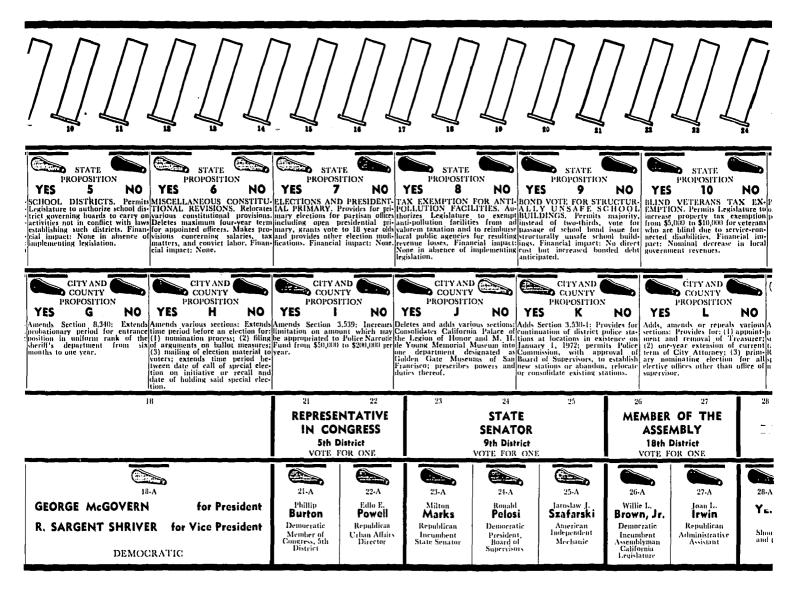
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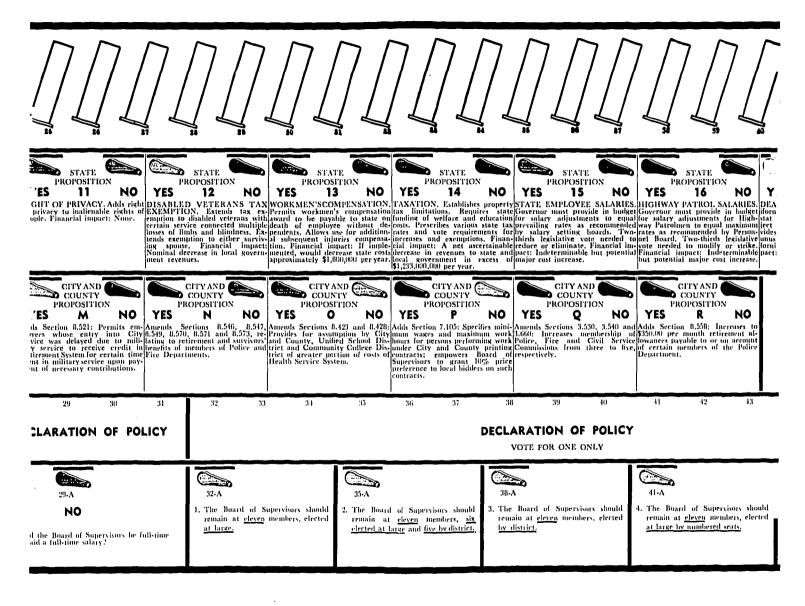
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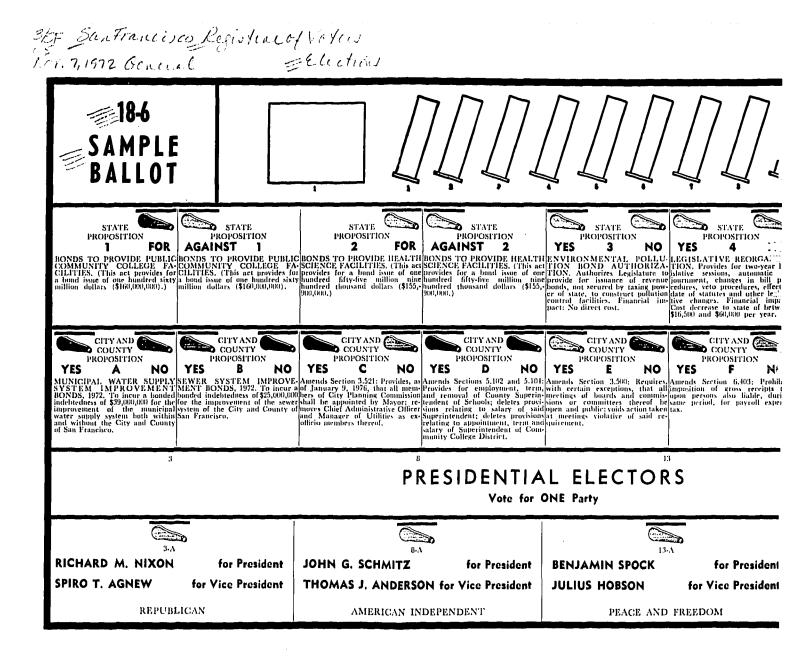


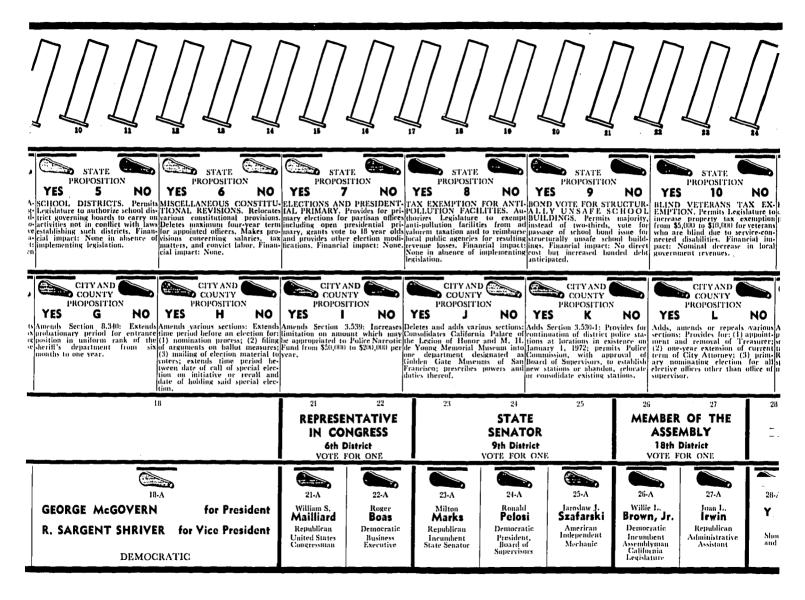


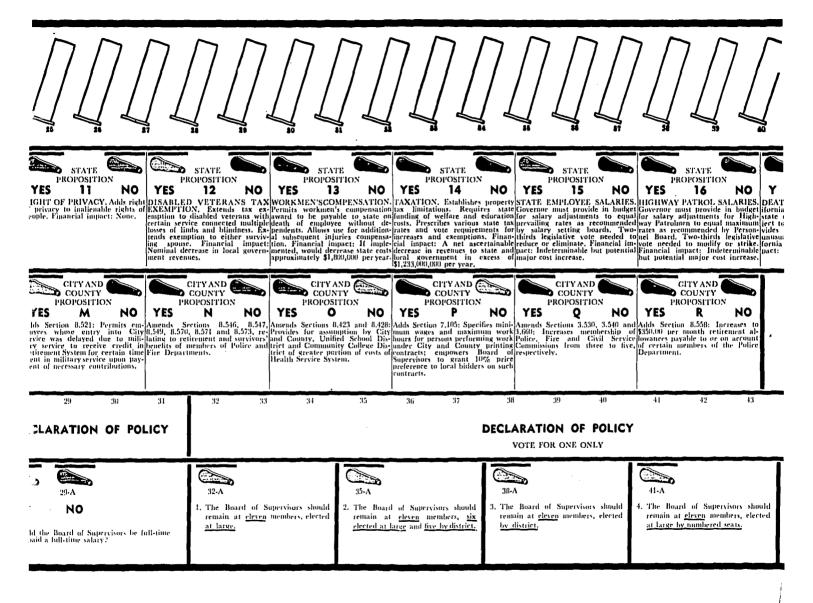


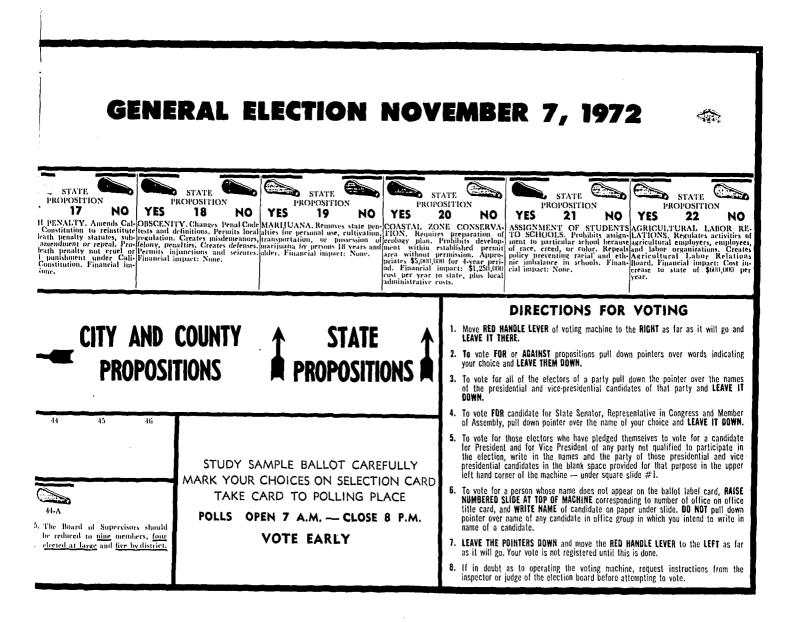


#### **GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 7, 1972** STATE STATE STATE STATE STATE STATE • PROPOSITION PROPOSITION PROPOSITION PROPOSITION PROPOSITION PROPOSITION NO NO YES 22 NO 17 NO YES 18 YES 19 NO YES 20 NO YES 21 PENALTY. Amends Gal- OBSCENTY. Changes Penal Gode MARIJUANA. Removes state pen-Constitution to reinstitute tests and definitions. Permits local alties for personal use, cultivation, ath penalty statutes, sub-regulation. Creates disfementors, transportation, or possession of ecology plan. Prohibits develop-ment or repeat. Prohibits develop-tecology plan. Prohibits develop-tecology plan. Prohibits develop-ment or repeat. Prohibits develop-ment or repeat. Prohibits develop-penaltise. Creates defensional by persons to sthe penalty not crue or Permits injunctions and seizures, older. Financial impact: None, constitution. Financial impact: None. cost per year to state, plus local vear. one. administrative costs. DIRECTIONS FOR VOTING 1. Move RED HANDLE LEVER of voting machine to the RIGHT as far as it will go and **CITY AND COUNTY** STATE LEAVE IT THERE. 2. To vote FOR or AGAINST propositions pull down pointers over words indicating your choice and LEAVE THEM DOWN. **PROPOSITIONS** PROPOSITIONS 3. To vote for all of the electors of a party pull down the pointer over the names of the presidential and vice-presidential candidates of that party and LEAVE IT DOWN. 4. To vote FOR candidate for State Senator, Representative in Congress and Member of Assembly, pull down pointer over the name of your choice and LEAVE IT DOWN. 44 45 .16 5. To vote for those electors who have pledged themselves to vote for a candidate for President and for Vice President of any party not qualified to participate in the election, write in the names and the party of those presidential and vice presidential candidates in the blank space provided for that purpose in the upper STUDY SAMPLE BALLOT CAREFULLY left hand corner of the machine - under square slide #1. MARK YOUR CHOICES ON SELECTION CARD 6. To vote for a person whose name does not appear on the ballot label card, RAISE TAKE CARD TO POLLING PLACE NUMBERED SLIDE AT TOP OF MACHINE corresponding to number of office on office title card, and WRITE NAME of candidate on paper under slide. DO NOT oull down 44.A pointer over name of any candidate in office group in which you intend to write in POLLS OPEN 7 A.M. - CLOSE 8 P.M. name of a candidate. 5. The Board of Supervisors should VOTE EARLY be reduced to nine members, four 7. LEAVE THE POINTERS DOWN and move the RED HANDLE LEVER to the LEFT as far elected at large and five by district. as it will go. Your vole is not registered until this is done. 8. If in doubt as to operating the voting machine, request instructions from the inspector or judge of the election board before attempting to vote.

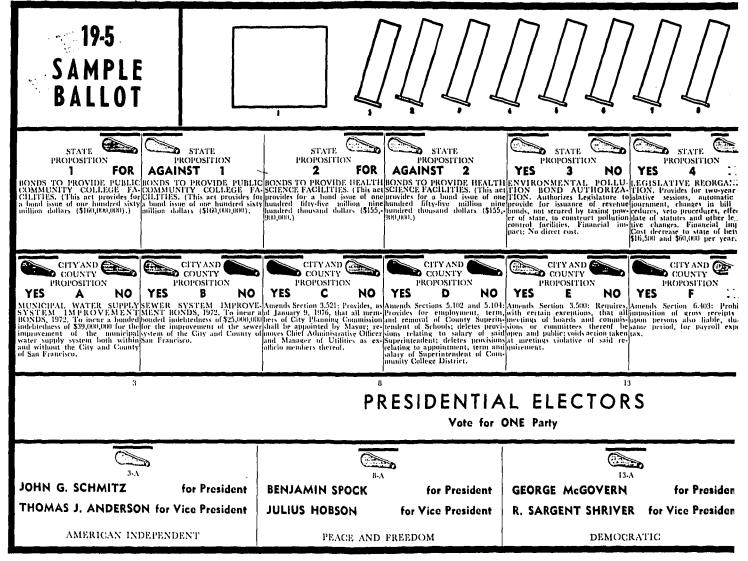


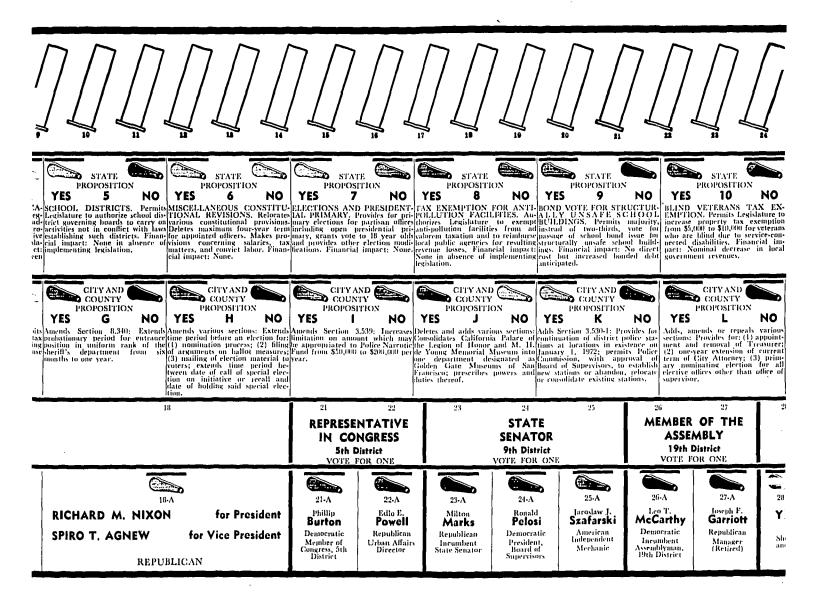


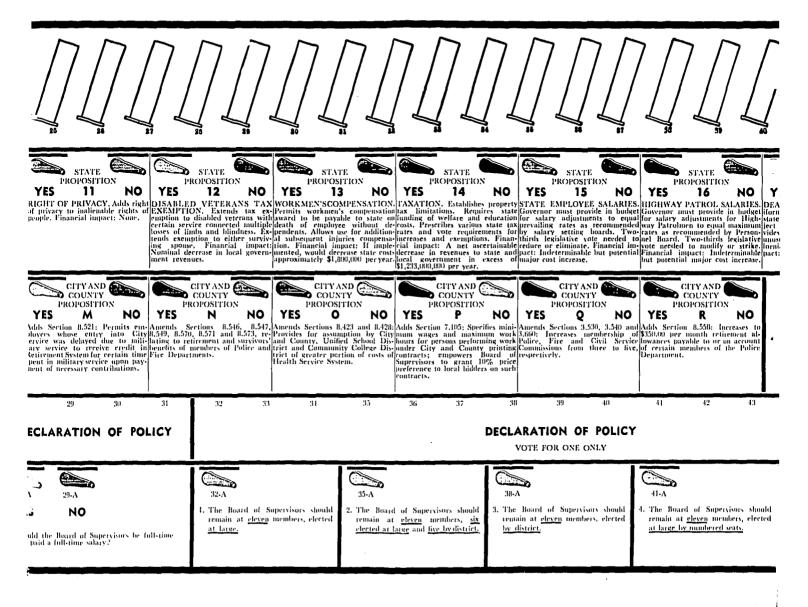




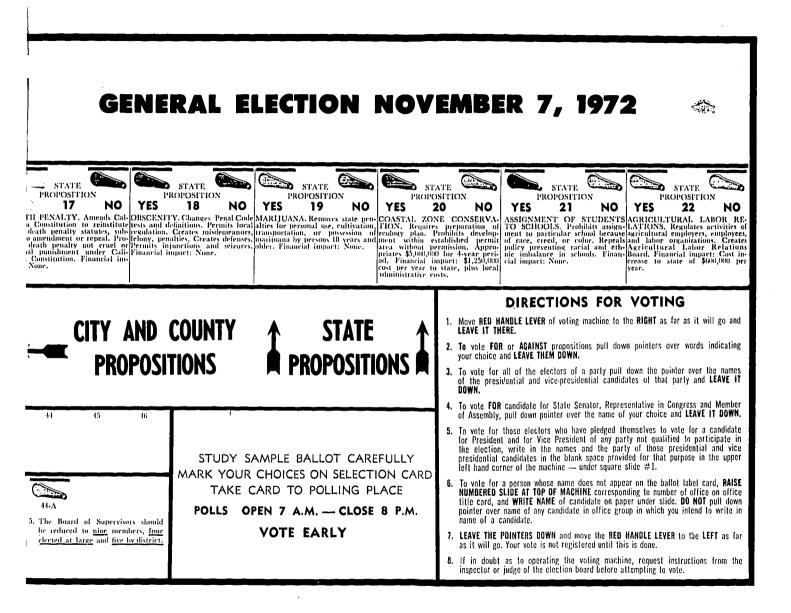
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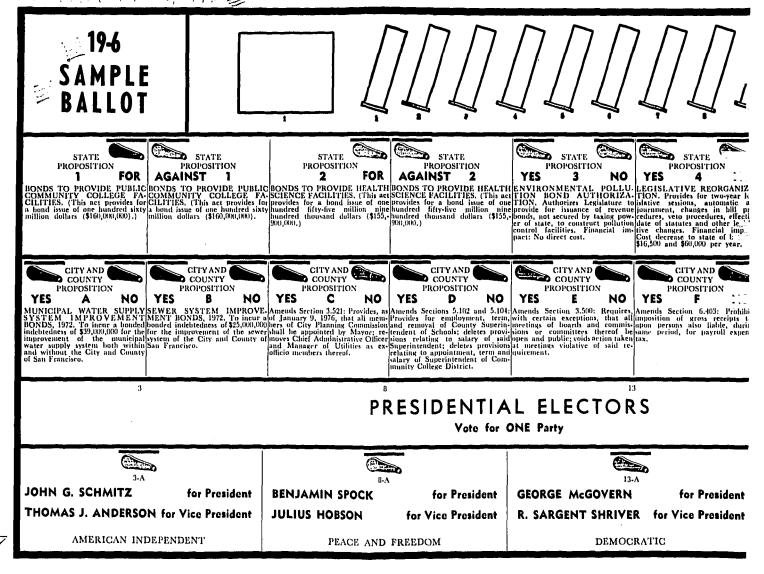




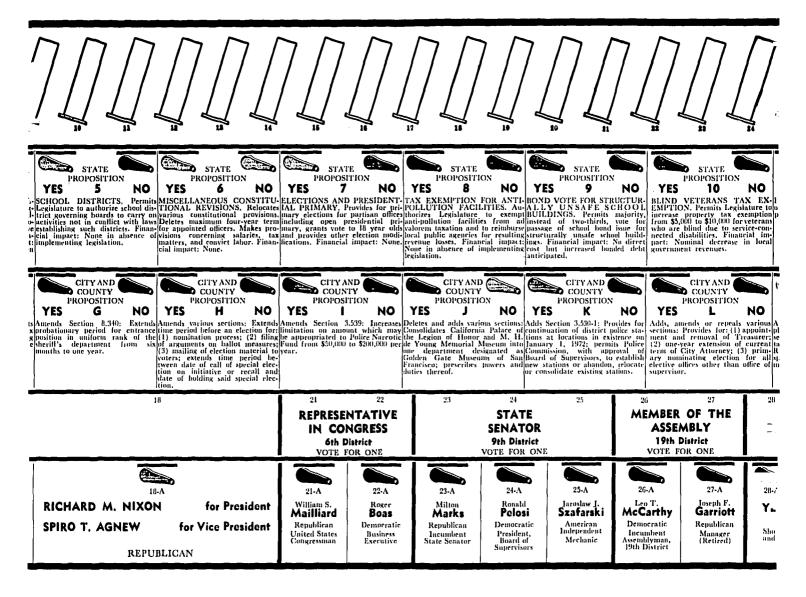
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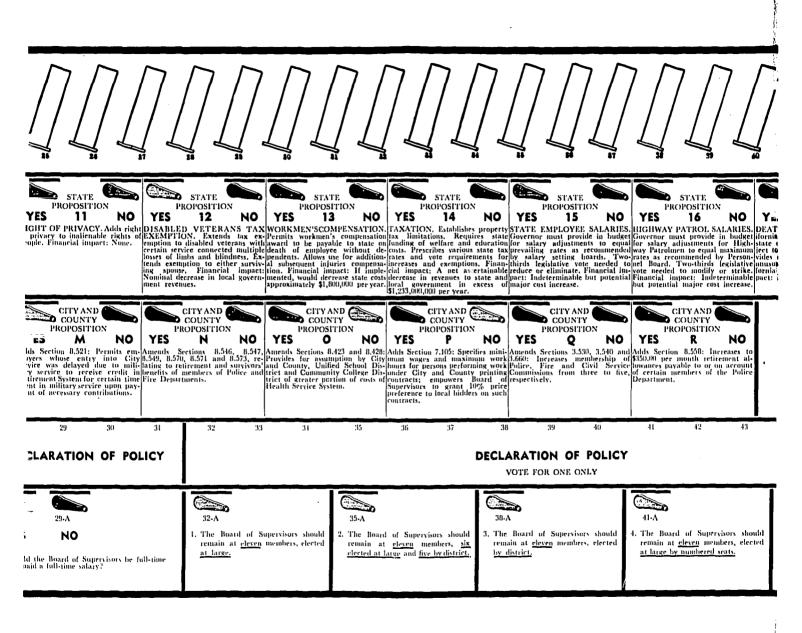


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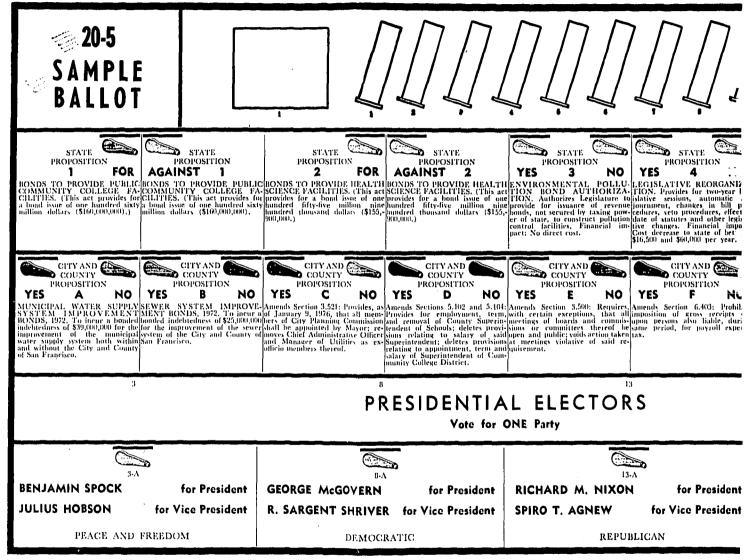
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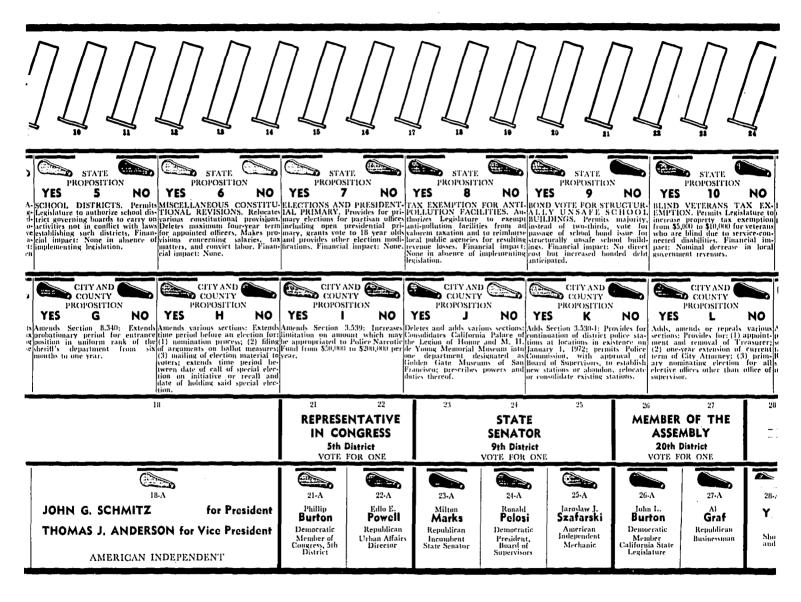
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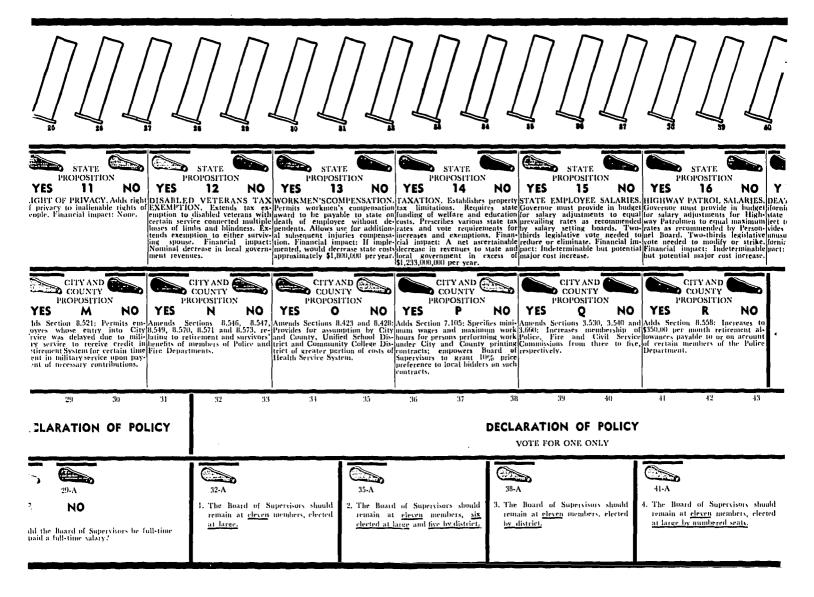
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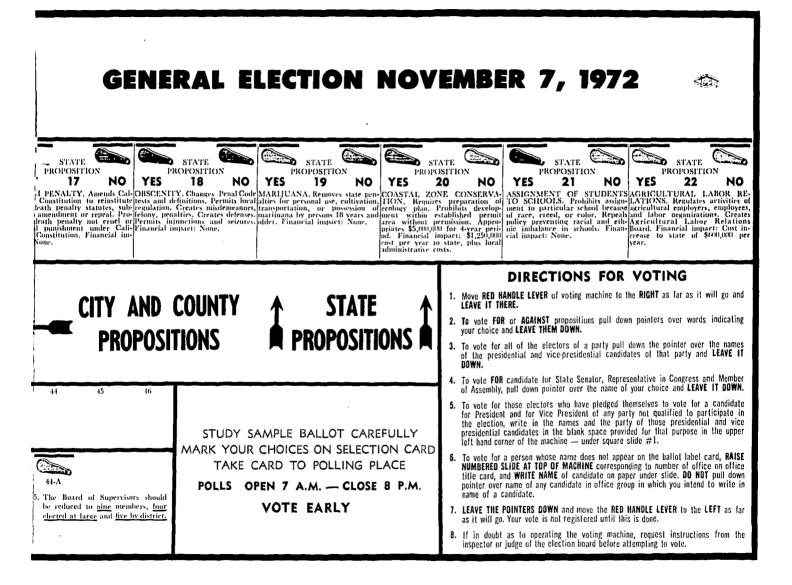
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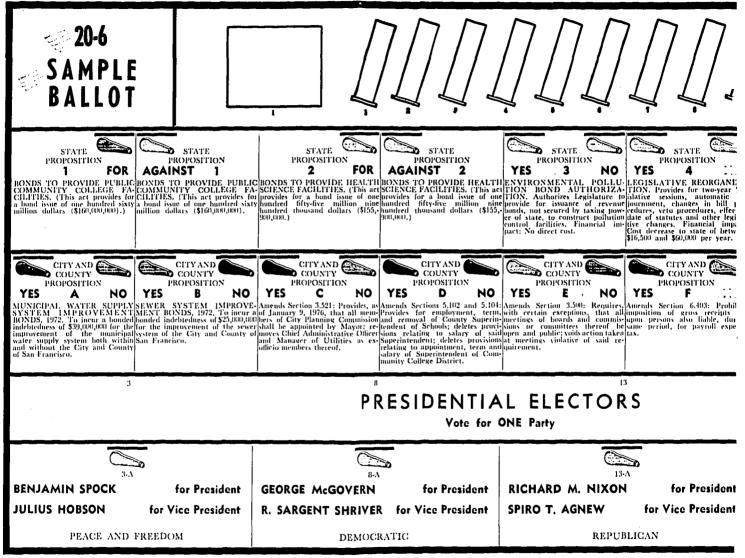


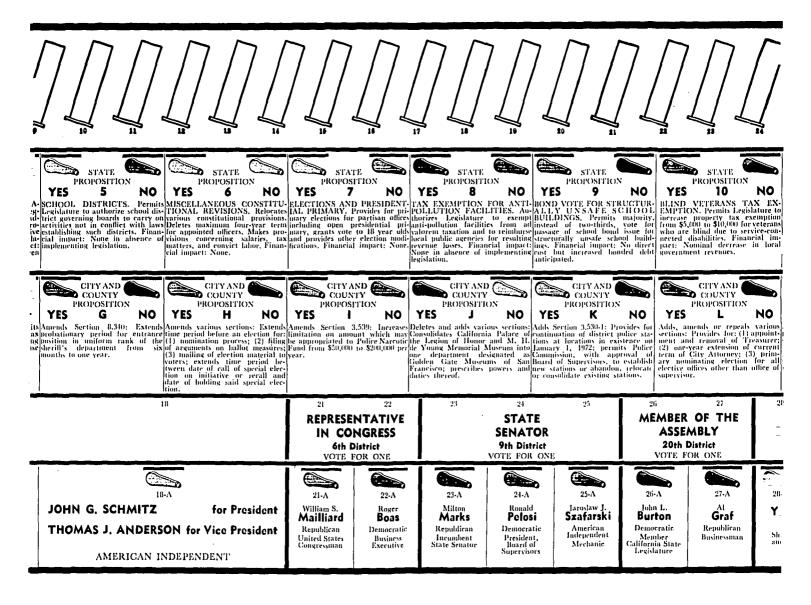
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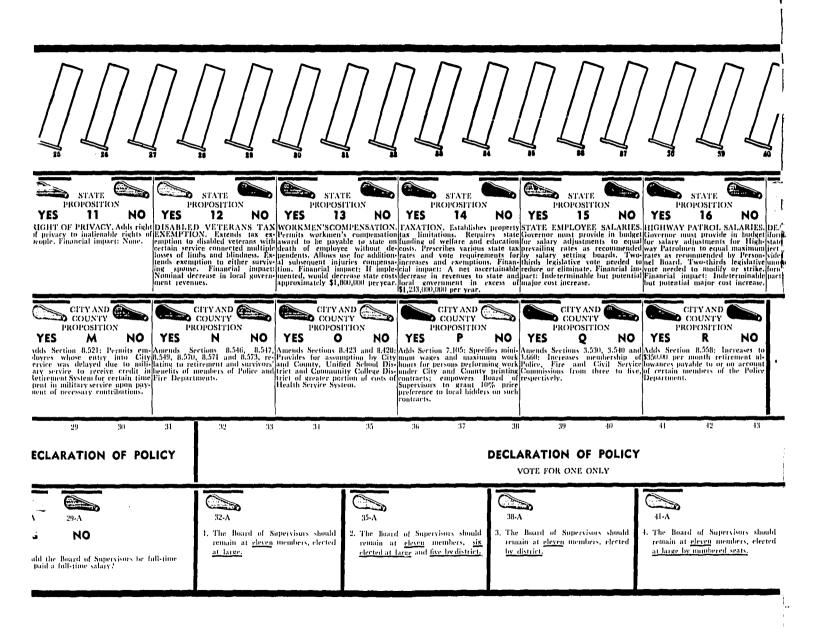
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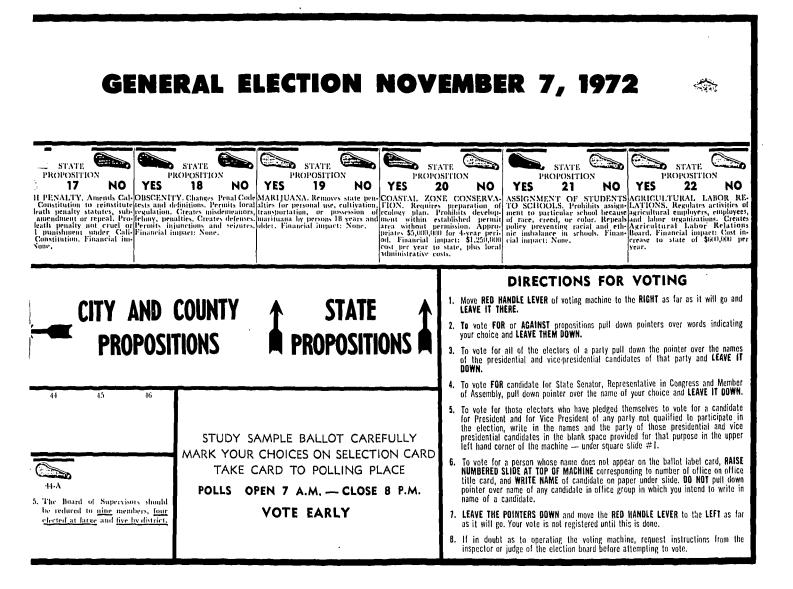


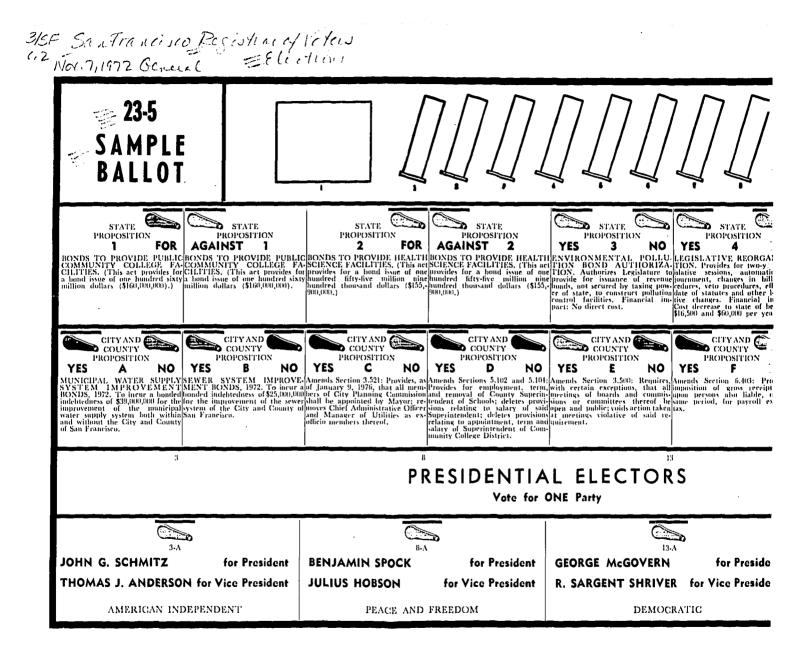
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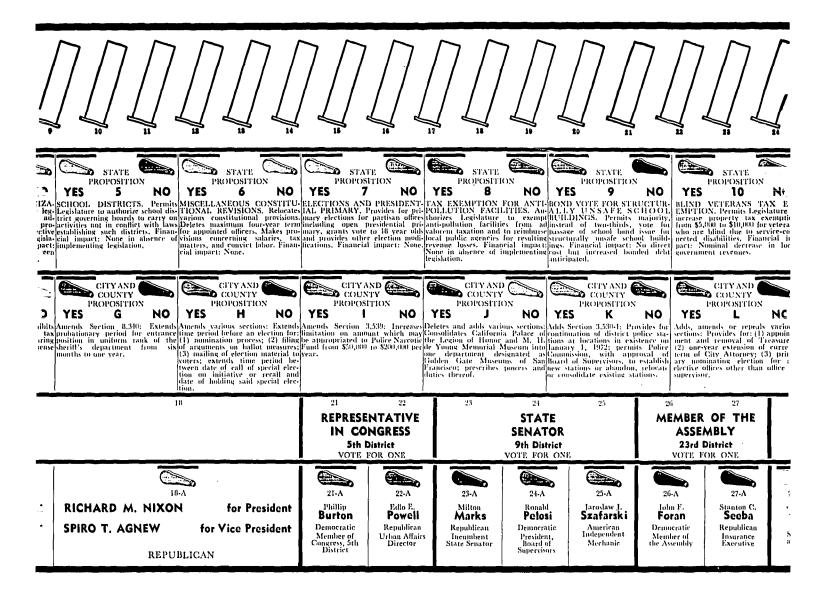




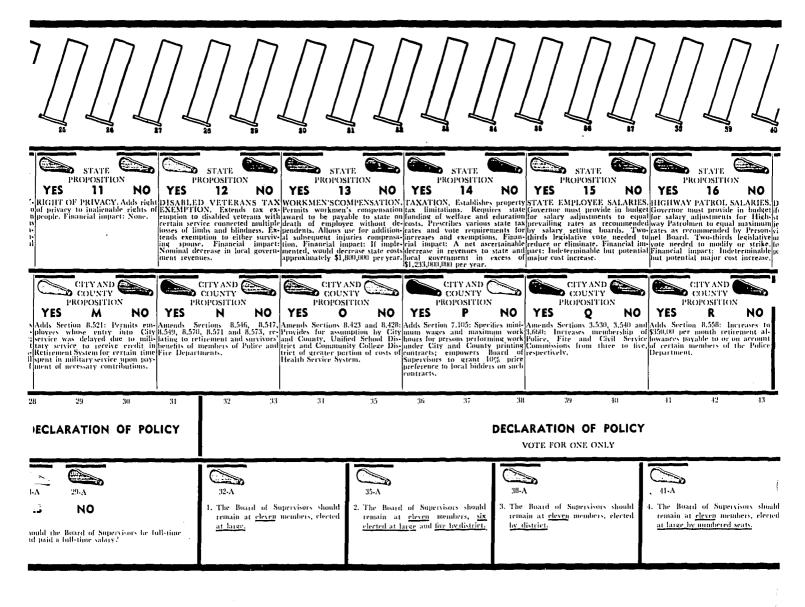








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## **GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 7, 1972**

